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The Times

XVIIIth YEAR.

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LOS ANGELES

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 12, 1899.

ON STREETS AND TRAINS
AT ALL NEWS AGENCIES 5 CENTS



THEATERS—

With Dates of Events.

LOS ANGELES THEATER—C. M. WOOD and H. C. WYATT, LESSEES. TODAY—MATINEE AT 2:30 p.m.—"BARBER OF SEVILLE" Farewell Performance given by the Artists, Chorus and Orchestra of the **LAMBARDI ITALIAN OPERA CO.**

TONIGHT { GRAND DOUBLE } "CAVALIERA RUSTICANA" BILL and "PAGLIACCIO" Seats now on sale—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50. Tel. Main 70.

OPHEUM—TONIGHT. REGULAR MATINEE TODAY. LAURA JOYCE, the Queen of Comedians, in Rosina Vokes's delightful one act play, "WIG AND GOWN." ELIZABETH MURRAY. Cleverest of Feminine Raconteurs. THE ELDRIDGE'S, Great Colored Comedians. MINNIE PALMER, an Overwhelming Success. HAYES AND LYTTON, New Burlesque of "Ingoran." KILPATRICK AND BARBER, Kings of the Silent Steel. LES BROWNS, Truly Marvelous Monopedes. PRICES—Best Reserved Seats 25c and 50c. Gallery 10c. Matines—Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday—any seat 25c. Children 10c. Tel. M1447.

A MUSEMENTS AND ENTERTAINMENTS—

With Dates of Events.

OSTRICH FARM—South Pasadena—Delightfully cool, shady grounds. Tips, Ross and Plumes—an immense assortment at Producers' Prices. "One of the strangest sights in America."—N.Y. Journal.

FIESTA PARK—Base Ball. MERCHANTS VS. LOS ANGELES, SUNDAY, 2:30 P.M. Ladies free. Shaded seats. Coolest place in town.

SUPERB ROUTES OF TRAVEL—

See the Great
CAKE WALK
—AT—
REDONDO BEACH
Sunday. Great Team.
The Funniest Thing on Earth.

OPEN AIR BAND CONCERTS
By the Celebrated Seventh Regiment
Band, Twenty-four Pieces.

SANTA FE TRAINS Leave Downey avenue.....8:23, 9:43 a.m., 1:19, 5:24 p.m.
Leave La Grande Station.....8:30, 9:55 a.m., 1:30, 5:35 p.m.
Leave Central avenue.....8:44, 10:08 a.m., 1:44, 5:47 p.m.
Returning last train leaves Redondo at 8 p.m.

...50 CENTS ROUND TRIP...

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND—3½ hours from Los Angeles.
Three Boats on Saturdays, of Avalon Bay.
One on Sundays, and Two on other days,

From San Pedro, connecting with the Southern Pacific and Terminal Railway trains leaving Los Angeles at their time schedule. Round trip in one day can be made, allowing five hours on the Island on Sundays and two hours on other days. Concert daily by the Catalina Island MARINE BAND OF 21 ARTISTS. Fishing, Boating, Bathing, Goat Hunting and other numerous natural attractions. Among the attractions not possible at other resorts may be mentioned the

SUBMARINE GARDENS AND FORESTS IN AVALON BAY

As viewed from Glass-bottom boats, and where the deep-sea dredge operates and secures beautiful and hideous living wonders of the deep for the

Zoological Station and Aquarium.

Of Catalina Island, and where animals from the Angel Fish to the Octopus (Devil Fish) now alive can be seen in glass tanks. Two large Hotels—METROPOLIS AND ISLAND VILLA. For full information apply to BANNING COMPANY, 222 South Spring Street, Los Angeles, Cal. Telephone Main 36.

SANTA MONICA—

ELECTRIC FLYER

Commencing Wednesday evening, August 2, leaves the Fourth street office 5 p.m., 5:30 p.m. and 6 p.m.

MAKES BUT THREE STOPS.

Corner Ocean and Oregon Ave., Arcadia Hotel and Southside.

Regular car leaves immediately after.

GRAND YACHT RACE—

Terminal Island, Sunday, Aug. 13.

For a wager of \$50, between Yacht Osprey and Schooner Nautilus, over a course of 12 miles. Race starts promptly at 11:35 a.m. Grand Band Concert by the famous Mexican Band. Surf Bathing—fines on Pacific Coast.

Terminal Railway—Only Line to Terminal Island.

Trains leave Sundays—8:15 a.m.; 9:10 a.m., 10:30 a.m., 1:40 p.m., 6:45 p.m. All tickets allow stop-over at Long Beach. Information and tickets, 214 South Spring St.

EXCURSIONS MOUNT LOWE RAILWAY—

ES2 Saturday and Sunday, August 12 and 13.

From Los Angeles to Alpine Tavern and return, (including all points on Mount Lowe Railway). FIFTY CENTS TO RUBIO CANYON and return. Summer days in the mountains among the giant pines, and the grander ride on earth. Pasadena Electric Cars connecting leave 7, 8, 9, 10 a.m., 1 and 4 p.m. All the a.m. and 1 p.m. make entire trip and return same day. Evening special will leave Ye Alpine Tavern after supper, making stop at Echo Mountain for guests to enjoy the operation of the World's Fair Searchlight and large Telescope, arriving at 10:45. To make your trip complete, remain over at "Ye Alpine Tavern." Strictly first class and rates reasonable.

Tickets and full information at office, 214 South Spring St. Tel. Main 960.

TIMELY SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS—

GOOD MELONS—

We are selling daily from 600 to 800 Watermelons, Cantaloupe and Nutmeg Melons. You know why? Because they are the ripest, sweetest and best flavored melons in this market. If you have never tried them you may never know just how good they really are.



Free Delivery **ALTHOUSE FRUIT CO.** 218-215 Tel. M 398 Only Exclusive Fruit and Vegetable House in the city. W. 2D ST.

ED SWEET POTATOES—Dry and Mealy—
Bleached Celery, Bell Peppers, etc. Get your Peaches now, 2c pound.
Variety the spice of life. Call and see our immense stock. We lead.
We Ship Everywhere. **RIVERS BROS.** 300-302-304-306 TEMPLE STREET, CORNER BROADWAY.

CARBONS "Every Picture a Work of Art." Visitors should not miss the opportunity to have photographs taken under the most favorable condition of atmosphere in the world. STUDIO 2204 SOUTH SPRING ST., Opp. Hollenbeck.

FITZGERALD MUSIC AND PIANO CO.— A good place to trade—113 South Spring Street. Fisher & Knabe Pianos.

HOTEL PALMS—Corner, Sixth and Broadway. H. C. FRYMAN, Proprietor. (For 4 years Manager Mt. Lowe Hotels.) Seventy-five elegantly furnished rooms; 25 suites with private baths. American and European plans. Rates reasonable.

TWO PARTS—FOURTEEN PAGES
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[THE STORM-GOD.]

LOSS OF LIVES.

Unknown Number Killed
in Porto Rico.

Ponce Alone Furnishes Over a
Thousand Victims.

Five Hundred Bodies of the
Drowned Found.

HUNDRED THOUSAND STARVE

War Department Takes Steps
to Help Them.

Supplies Ordered and a Public
Appeal Put Forth.

Five Other Cities Reported as
Wholly Destroyed.

ISLAND FRUIT CROP RUINED.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]
PONCE (Porto Rico), Aug. 11.—[Exclusive Dispatch.]

It is now plain that Ponce was the greatest sufferer by Tuesday's hurricane. The rivers Portugues and Canas flowed through the city, drowning thousands of people. Five hundred bodies have already been recovered.

An eyewitness, who was on top of a large stone building in Alhambra Plaza, saw bodies of men, women and children floating in the water in the streets. Everyone was paralyzed with fear and unable to render any assistance. The people seem to be still stunned and helpless. Natives stand about the ruins of their homes and fields and bemoan their fate. Thousands are hungry and homeless.

The southern coast, was swept clean as far as Yauco, eighteen miles. The towns of Tallaboa and Juan Diaz were destroyed. Only the large church edifices are left standing. There is not a drop of water in Ponce to drink, the cisterns being full of salt water from the ocean, and the stench arising from the dead bodies is dreadful. Widespread sickness is sure to follow.

Army Officer's Estimate. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—A report has been received at the War Department from an officer at San Juan de Porto Rico, estimating the number of killed at 500. The same officer says a very serious condition of affairs exists in Ponce.

Ponce and Vicinity. [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

PONCE, Aug. 11.—The worst storm ever experienced here struck this place Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock, and lasted two hours. It came from the northeast. Ponce was flooded at midnight, and at least 300 persons were drowned. Two hundred bodies, mostly of poor people, and including

LOS ANGELES

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 12, 1899.

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A SURPRISE IN STORE FOR "AG."



There is some talk of sending Indians to the Philippines to fight the rebels. They might add pliancy to the campaign.

many children, have been recovered. All the buildings are damaged, and thousands have been destroyed.

The soldiers and firemen worked all night, heroically saving lives. There is no drinking water, gas, ice or electric light. The commissary stores at Playa were destroyed, the city is short of food, and the army officers are distributing rations. Fifteen vessels in the harbor were driven ashore.

The Weather Bureau predicted the storm, but it is claimed that Ponce was not warned. A mob of 1000 persons threatened the alcalde, Porrata Doria, but they were dispersed by the Fifth Cavalry. The alcalde has been deposed on account of negligence, and Maj. Myers of the Eleventh Infantry is acting as alcalde in response to popular demand.

The sum of \$5000 will be needed to clean the streets. The sanitary condition is serious, and assistance needed. All the crops are totally ruined, the wires are all down, and little news is obtainable from the interior.

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Bonita, including the barracks, has been destroyed, but no lives were lost there.

Juan Diaz has been devastated. Forty-six lives were lost there. Arroyo, Guayamo, Salinas and San Isabel are reported to have been totally demolished.

The railroad between Ponce and Yauco has been destroyed and the military road is not passable. The river is flowing over the road for two miles.

Guayamo escaped serious injury. Bananas are the sole food here. The peons have gone to San Juan and vicinity, where there was comparatively little injury done.

SAN JUAN'S REPORT. [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

SAN JUAN (Porto Rico), Aug. 11.—It is now said that 500 persons lost their lives at once during the hurricane.

Arroyo, on the south coast, has been destroyed. Sixteen lives were lost there, and the town is still submerged in water. At Guayamo houses are still standing. Seven persons were killed there. A number of houses were pillaged, and squads of soldiers were unable to maintain order. Starvation threatens the population.

The water supply of San Juan has been stopped. The Cosmo Spring Hotel has been wrecked. It belongs to the Ponce Rico Company of Philadelphia. The water supply of San Juan has been stopped. The Cosmo Spring Hotel has been wrecked. It belongs to the Ponce Rico Company of Philadelphia.

ADVICE FROM DAVIS. [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

One Hundred Thousand People in Peril of Starvation.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—The War Department received a cablegram from Gen. Davis, giving fuller details of the damage done in Porto Rico by the hurricane. Gen. Davis says a famine is impending, and asks authority to issue rations to the destitute. The message is dated yesterday, and says:

(CONTINUED ON FIFTH PAGE.)

"Later reports show that the hurricane was far more severe in interior and southern part of Island than here. Data for estimate of number of Porto Ricans who have lost everything is deficient, but I am forced to believe the number on the Island cannot fall below 100,000 souls, and a famine is impending. I ask that 2,500,000 pounds rice and beans, equal quantities of each, be immediately shipped on transports to Ponce. Some here. Urgent appeals to all post commanders for food for the destitute. I am authorized to relieve distress by issuing rice and beans only desired."

"There have been many deaths of natives by falling walls. So far, only one soldier reported dangerously injured. Several towns reported entirely demolished. As yet, however, reports only from ports. Complete destruction of all barracks at two, and at two others one company of each had barracks destroyed. Troops are in canvas. No reports yet from the

OPENING THE COUNTRY.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Gen. Otis cabled the War Department today as follows:

"MANILA, Aug. 11.—Adjutant-General, Washington: MacArthur has taken possession of Santa Rita; reconnoitered by small parties continues. Unavailing attempts were made to get in contact with the enemy. The American troops occupy Caluget, Santa Rita, Bacolor and Guagua. No further engagements have taken place. The rains have recommenced. The wounded are being brought into Manila.

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[OPENING THE COUNTRY.]

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—The Secretary of the Navy: On August 2 the gunboat Parapagua, Lieut. (junior grade) McNamee, patrolling Lingayen Bay, Luzon Island, found the American steamer Saturnus on the beach, San Fernando, Insurgents having robbed cargo. Naval Cadet Woodward secured a hawser around rudder post of the steamer under a musketry fire from strong intrenchments of the steamer and town. Pampanga returned hot fire, but could not move the steamer. Insurgents boarded vessel. Have sent troops to punish rebels.

"On August 7 the Yorktown and gunboats Callao and Pampanga entered port of San Fernando and found intrenchments encircling water front fully manned. Non-combatants were seen thronging substantial warehouses on the north side of the town. The vessels refrained from firing in their direction. The first shell was answered without delay by field guns and musketry fire from shore. The vessels shelled town forty-five minutes. Extent of damage cannot be ascertained. Pampanga remained there. The Concord and Callao are also patrolling the bay. The Yorktown returned to Manila. I have sent particulars by mail. Vessels cannot be detached. All are needed to prevent unauthorized trading.

[Signed]

"WATSON."

SUPREME COMMANDER.

Gen. Otis to remain such—Gen. MacArthur's Operations.

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—A special to the Herald from Washington says Maj.-Gen. Otis will remain in supreme command of the Philippines. Should he request to be relieved, Maj.-Gen. Lawton will be assigned to duty as his successor. This is the decision reached by the President and Secretary Root during their conferences at Lake Chelan.

Secretary Root made no secret today of the purpose of the President to retain Gen. Otis in control at Manila, and so informed Gen. Miles at a long conference. It is evident that notwithstanding Gen. Merritt's expressed desire to return to Manila, he will not have the opportunity, and even Lawton's promotion is conditional upon the

request of Otis to be detached from command.

It is learned that former Secretary Alger, just before his retirement, recommended that Gen. Otis be relieved, on the ground that he had not proved himself equal to the emergency. Gen. Miles favors sending additional cavalry, but it is said that Secretary Root has no intention at present of doing this.

The operations which Gen. MacArthur is conducting to the northward of San Fernando have a double purpose. First, to demoralize the insurgents and prevent them from strengthening the positions they hold; and second, to establish himself at a point on the railroad connecting the Gulf of Leyte with Manila. Gen. Lawton's recent demonstration to the southward of Manila and the operations generally are all part of Gen. Otis's plan to keep the insurgents in constant fear of attack.

EIGHTH ARMY CORPS.

INSPECTOR-GENERAL SMALLEY SUBMITS HIS REPORT.

Camps Now in Good Condition—Food Supply is Adequate and of Excellent Quality—Charges Against Officers Investigated.

ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—A report has been received at the War Department from Maj. Smalley, Inspector-General of the Eighth Army Corps in the Philippines, covering the work he has been doing between February 28 and June 30. He has made a number of investigations of charges against officers which have appeared in the United States in one form or another. Most of these charges have proved to be with little foundation. In April he inspected the camps near Malolos and commenting upon the conditions, he says:

"The camps were found to be in good sanitary condition, sufficiently policed and suitable sinks having been dug and generally used. Water fit for drinking purposes was at first scarce, but good water generally in sufficient quantities was, after a few days, regularly supplied from Manila by train.

The rations were regular in amount and excellent in all respects. Australian beef of excellent quality being furnished from cold-storage ships, and potatoes and onions, in a good state of preservation, being supplied from the United States. Roasted and ground coffee was, on request, furnished from Manila, by the subsistence department.

"Similar inspection made at San Fernando, about the middle of May, did not show as satisfactory conditions existing as at Malolos in the matter of rations, because it had been impossible since the fight in the vicinity of Calumpit in May to furnish the troops with fresh beef and fresh vegetables, owing to the destruction of mail and wagon bridges. As soon as the bridges could be repaired and the railroad replaced, the needed variety in rations was furnished.

"An inspection recently made shows that the rations for some time have been excellent in all respects, and suitable and sufficient uniforms and other clothing are in possession of the men, or will soon be sent from Manila also that very good sanitary conditions obtain."

ATKINSON'S CIRCULAR.

Wants Officers to Give Him Views About the War.

ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Secretary Hitchcock and other government officials in this city have received copies of the circular signed by Edward Atkinson, which the author says has been or will be sent to the commissioned and non-commissioned officers of each returning regiment of troops from the Philippines, together with copies of pamphlets containing articles on the Philippine situation from an anti-imperialist point of view. The circular is dated Boston, August 8, and is headed: "The Anti-Imperialist," and is addressed to the survivors of the volunteer regiments returned from Manila.

Atkinson says that having been informed that telegraphic messages from the mothers and sisters of volunteers from Nebraska, urging them not to re-enlist, have been refused delivery, he thought he would test the question. He then recounts his efforts to send through the mails to prominent officials in the Philippines, the pamphlets refused by the postmaster at San Francisco some time ago, for which the author of the circular says he was threatened with prosecution for treason and sedition because of this, an effort on my part, to convey information to you citizens and soldiers, which would inform you as to the work being done in this country to stop what we believe to be criminal aggression in the Philippines Islands."

Atkinson adds that the three articles referred to, viz: "The Cost of a National Crime," "The Hell of War and Its Penalties," and "Criminal Aggression; by Whom Committed," are included in one of the two pamphlets sent to the officers of the regiments, and he asks their views upon them, and upon the whole course of the warfare in the Philippines Islands, promising, if permitted, to print the letters, to make a careful selection, therefrom, "whether adverse to the post!"—I have taken, or sustaining it."

AMERICAN OFFICER CAPTIVE.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—The following cablegram has been received from Gen. Otis:

"MANILA, Aug. 11.—Adjutant-General, Washington: From southern Luzon report comes that American officer held there prisoner, and description given indicates Maj. Rockefeller."

Maj. Rockefeller is the officer who disappeared several months ago, shortly after his arrival in the Philippines, and nothing has been heard of him since.

PHILIPPINE MONEY.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.

WASHINGTON, August 11.—Maj. Charles E. Kilbourne, paymaster of the army has been appointed to duty as treasurer of the Philippine Islands and the Island of Guam. All money of the civil governments will be placed in his hands.

FIGHTING REGIMENT.

ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 11.—The Thirty-first Regiment is now practically full. One company is made up of the fighting feudists from Clay county, Ky. These men are not only hardy, but fine marksmen and they soon become well drilled.

NO OFFICIAL REPORT.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—It is said at the State Department that the attention of the department has not been

called to the reported criticism by the press of the methods of Gen. Otis. The authorities here are disposed to treat the matter as trivial and not worthy of attention, and the State Department will not act unless asked to do so from some other official quarter, and there has been no such request thus far.

GIVEN GOOD CARE.

REPORT ON TREATMENT OF RETURNING SOLDIERS.

Health of Men Excellent—Plenty of Warm Clothing, Comfortable Quarters and an Abundance of Food Furnished Them.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] As exhibiting the difference between the haste at Camp Wyckoff, where the Cuban volunteers were taken when brought home, and the careful preparation at San Francisco for the return of the Philippine volunteers, the War Department considers the report of Col. Greenleaf, United States Surgeon, one of great importance, and has made its entire contents public.

The general health of the men is excellent, the sick report, exclusive of cases placed in the hospital immediately after arrival, being 4.6 per cent. of the effective force, and is made up of such trivial ailments as mild affection of the air passages, indigestion, rheumatism, etc. The fears which were entertained of serious illness owing to change of climate and to the scantily-clad condition of the men, had not been realized. Many of the men had thick clothing on arrival, and those who had none borrowed from their more fortunate comrades. Nearly all have observed precautionary directions against exposure, and comfortably heated quarters have given them shelter and lounging-places when off duty. The sanitary corps (civilian employees) has kept latrine troughs, garbage and waste cans in excellent order.

The food supply is abundant and is well cooked and served. There is added to each one hundred of regular rations twelve and one-half gallons of milk, ten pounds of butter and ten dozen eggs. This is furnished by the Subsistence Department under Act of Congress approved March 3, 1899, for issues to enlisted men in camp during periods of recovery from low conditions of health consequent upon service in unhealthy regions or in debilitating climates. It may truthfully be said that the food in this camp is much better in variety, quality and preparation than in the average hotel anywhere in this country.

Complaint having been made of the presence of vermin in the bedding and clothing of some of the men, large caldrons of boiling water were put up in the camps, into which material so infested was ordered to be placed. These caldrons when not so used supplied hot water for the laundering of the clothing of the men. Galvanized iron wash-tubs have been furnished for this purpose.

SILVERITE STEWART.

SENATOR SAYS THE COUNTRY HAS ALREADY EXPANDED.

Future Course of the Government in Relation to the Islands is not for So-called Anti-Expansionists to Settle—Believes in a Vigorous Policy.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] There is one silverite in the United States Senate who realizes that the country has already expanded, and that to fight expansion now is a waste of breath. He is Senator Stewart of Nevada, and he said today:

"Expansion? Why we've already expanded, and it is not a question whether or not we favor it. What is to be our future course in the Philippines? That is the question. These fellows who dub themselves anti-expansionists don't know. They say give the islands a protectorate, but that they mean by this they will not what they mean, and I don't know."

"It makes no difference whether the United States had a right to buy the islands, or whether Spain had a title which she could dispose of. The fact remains that we did buy them, and are now there for the purpose of giving the natives an opportunity to rule themselves. It may be that our arguments are rather strong, but it is apparently the only way to treat with those people. If the United States proposes to hold the islands, and only future developments can settle, we must at any rate interfere in the local government if we hope to treat with foreign powers."

"Some theorists advise the proposition that we sell the islands. This would be contrary to all traditions, in the first place, and then, again, whom would we sell them to? As far as I have heard, it would have to be to some monarchy, and the people of the United States would stamp with unanimous disapproval, the sale of a country and its people."

"I do not care to criticize Gen. Otis, but I will say the policy of the United States in the Philippines has not been effective enough. The administration, however, seems to be anxious to put an end to the war, and I believe a more vigorous campaign will be waged against the rebels from now on. I hardly think the Democratic party will put an anti-expansion plank in its platform. But, remember, if you use this interview, be sure to say that we have already expanded, and that it is for the future to develop what disposition we are to make of the islands."

GEN. MERRITT'S DENIAL.

[E. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—Since the visit of Gen. Wesley Merritt to Secretary Root in this city rumors have been current that it had been settled that Gen. Merritt will succeed Gen. Otis in the Philippines.

When Gen. Merritt was seen in his office on Governor's Island he said: "Any story that I may succeed Gen. Otis in the Philippines is without foundation. When Secretary Root was here three or four days ago I dined with him, and of course I cannot discuss any subject that may have come up. If I am ordered to Manila I will obey orders the same as any army officer would do."

SUPPLIES FOR MANILA.

[E. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Aug. 11.—Capt. McCarthy, quartermaster at Chickamauga Park, Ga., has received orders to rush ten carloads of government supplies to Manila. Harness

tools and tentage will be sent, a special train being utilized.

GEN. WHEELER'S CALL.

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]

HONOLULU, Aug. 3.—[Wired from Victoria, B. C., Aug. 11.] The transport *Tidar*, with Gen. Wheeler aboard, arrived here August 1, and sailed August 3. Gen. Wheeler was handsomely entertained during his stay here. The transports *Newport* and *Ohio* arrived today and will sail tomorrow or Saturday.

REYFUSITES GLAD.

[PLEASSED WITH EXAMINATION OF THE SECRET DOSSIER.]

Convinced That the Diplomatic and War Office Dossiers Abound With Forgeries—Fullest Publicity is Demanded.

French Military Officers Dislike Evidence Now Being Adduced—Expected Exposure of Conspiracy Against Republic.

Today's Proceedings Will Be Memorable—Attitude of Some Paris Journals—Judges Said to Be Strongly Prejudiced.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

RENNES, Aug. 11.—[Associated Press Copyright, 1899. By Atlantic Cable.] All the notable Dreyfusites here are satisfied with the result of the examination of the secret dossier. They have urged their newspaper friends in Paris to clamor for full publicity, knowing that if it be granted the military and nationalist parties would be utterly disgraced. They are convinced that the diplomatic and War Office dossiers teem with forgeries. Of course, these impressions are derived from the five counsel present at the examination of these precious papers. Publicity would mean the pillory for Gen. de Balsedre and company. They would be pelted with their own foul eggs while Capt. Dreyfus would be cleared in the face of the whole world.

The military caste here is furious at the turn things are taking. The correspondent of a Russian paper told me today that, in a case frequently reported to the court-martial, the accused was an attaché of Henry's. The next dispatch of mails will be hastily sent for, but were not finally delivered to the superintendent until after 5 o'clock. Meanwhile all the mail for the men on the Solace had been sorted by regiments, and company commanders four hours earlier sent to the Presidio for delivery. The balance was forwarded on the 7 o'clock train.

MARINES BOUND WEST.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—Three hundred and fifty enlisted men and eighteen officers of the United States Marines Corps left here via the Pennsylvania Railroad today, for San Francisco, en route to the Philippines.

LONDON MARKETS AFFECTED.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Aug. 11.—The announcement of the closure of the Philippine ports caused great excitement in the London market today. Manila hemp, which rose \$0.50 shillings per ton, touched \$39 (\$195), the highest figure reached in many years.

[POLITICS.]

BRYAN ON PROBLEMS.

HE TALKS ABOUT THEM TO ILLINOIS PEOPLE.

Then He Tried to Solve One for the Chicago Tribune Without Hurting Himself—Won't Say That He is not a Presidential Candidate.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SPRINGFIELD (Ill.), Aug. 11.—Col. W. B. Bryan spoke on "Pending Problems" to an audience of 10,000 people at the Old Salem, Chautauqua, near Petersburgh, this afternoon. After addressing them, Col. Bryan held a reception, and large number of people crowded on the platform to shake his hand.

WILLIE NON-COMMITAL.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—The following telegraphic correspondence passed to-day between the Tribune and William J. Bryan:

"CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—W. J. Bryan, Petersburgh, Ill.: Correspondents at Pana and Litchfield, Ill., report you as saying that you do not care whether you are the Democratic nominee for President one year hence or not, if the precepts of the party are carried out. Will you kindly wire the Tribune what you did say, and your exact position in this matter?"

"'THERE IS NO CIRCUMSTANCE.'

The answer was as follows:

"PETERSBURG (Ill.), Aug. 11.—The Tribune, Chicago: Have not the report mentioned. Whether I shall be a candidate depends largely upon the platform. The platform should fit the party, and the candidate should fit the platform."

[Signed.]

WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

STONE FAVORS BRYAN.

Vice-Chairman of National Democratic Committee not for Schley.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 11.—"I am for Mr. Bryan for President. I have always been for him, and expect to remain so. I think there is not a shadow of a doubt about his nomination by the next Democratic Convention."

This statement was made by Vice-Chairman W. J. Stone of the National Democratic Committee today, when he was asked about reports from Washington that he was to be a candidate for the Democratic Presidential nomination.

United States would stamp with unanimous disapproval, the sale of a country and its people."

"I do not care to criticize Gen. Otis, but I will say the policy of the United States in the Philippines has not been effective enough. The administration, however, seems to be anxious to put an end to the war, and I believe a more vigorous campaign will be waged against the rebels from now on. I hardly think the Democratic party will put an anti-expansion plank in its platform. But, remember, if you use this interview, be sure to say that we have already expanded, and that it is for the future to develop what disposition we are to make of the islands."

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 11.—"I am for Mr. Bryan for President. I have always been for him, and expect to remain so. I think there is not a shadow of a doubt about his nomination by the next Democratic Convention."

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[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

RENNES, Aug. 11.—The Dreyfus court-martial concluded its secret sessions at 9 o'clock this morning, when M. Paleologue of the Foreign Office finished his explanations of the secret dossier. The court will meet again at 6:30 a.m. tomorrow.

THE TRIAL RESUMED.

Opening of What May Be a Most Important Session.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

RENNES, Aug. 12.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The red and white facade of the Lycee was bathed in sunshine, at 5:40 o'clock this morning, when Capt. Dreyfus crossed the Avenue de la Gare and entered the building for the second public session of his trial by court-martial. The same stringent police precautions were taken, but the crowd which had gathered by this time greeted him with cries of "Vive l'Armee!" and "Vive Mercier!" On alighting at the door of the Lycee, Gen. Mercier looked very anxious, but immediately assumed a smiling demeanor, and said: "I will speak to the officers at the gate and laud them, his laugh sounded false, and his face, as he ascended the half-dozen steps and disappeared within the Lycee, took on an expression of anxiety.

M. Casimir

[COAST RECORD.]
MINING TITLES VOID.

[ALLEGED DISCOVERY BY SAN FRANCISCO ATTORNEYS.]

State Law of Two Years Ago Regulating the Location of Claims Was not Repealed by the Last Legislature.

All Locations Made Since the Twentieth of March Last are Said to Be Liable to Legal Jumping.

Round Valley Indians Attack Blacksmith—Tragedy at Forbes Town—Many Wrecks in Australian Waters.

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The last Legislature undertook to repeal the State mining law of 1897 regulating the location of mining claims, and ever since the approval of the supposed repealing act in March, 1899, the miners and mining lawyers of the entire State have assumed that the law was repealed and that the location of mining claims in this State has been wholly regulated to the Federal mining law and the supplementary rules and regulations of local mining districts where such were organized.

All mining locations made since March 20 last have been made with this understanding, and probably in no case has the law of 1897 been observed. There has been remarkable and unprecedented activity in prospecting the mineral regions this year, and the number of mining locations made since March 20 reaches into the thousands. A good many of these locations cover rich discoveries that are veritable "strikes," and have already developed much value. Many have been sold or transferred, some have been sold for thousands of dollars.

Now it is discovered, according to eminent mining attorneys, that the State law was not repealed; that there has probably not been a valid location of a mining claim made in the State since last spring; that every claim so taken up, in fact, is legally held by anyone, but may be legally jumped and acquired by the first fellow who files a valid location according to the State law, and that there is every prospect of a frightful mess of trouble and litigation affecting titles and possession, with a possibility of shotgun cutting a figure here and there.

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COOPER'S CONDUCT.

It Cannot be Punished by the Courts of Hawaii.

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]

HONOLULU. Aug. 3.—[Wired from Victoria Aug. 10.] The Supreme Court of Hawaii today rendered a decision in petition of A. S. Humphries against Atty.-Gen. Cooper for unprofessional conduct. The court says that the acts complained of were done in Cooper's official capacity as Attorney-General, a member of a coördinate branch of the government, and therefore cannot be reached by this proceeding, but that for them to be reached they must be brought to the bar of public opinion.

FURDY WAS DESPARATE.

Shot His Wife, Fired His House and Killed Himself.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

MONROVIA (B. C.) Aug. 11.—Details of the loss of three vessels in Australian waters are brought by the steamer Mowara.

The bark Carlisle Castle, 1344 tons, bound from Liverpool to Freemantle, was totally wrecked off Rockingham. The vessel went ashore during a heavy gale on Chesafield Bay. All on board were drowned.

The ship City of York, in command of Capt. P. H. Jones, 1167 tons register, laden with a general cargo, including 74,000 feet of redwood lumber from San Francisco, consigned to the West Australian Shipping Association, Fremantle, went ashore at Rootnest Island, July 12. Eleven men were drowned.

The steamers Excelsior and Edina, colliding on Hibson's Bay, Melbourne. The Excelsior was sunk in fifteen minutes. None of her eighty passengers were drowned, but were saved.

H. M. S. Goldfinch was nearly wrecked on the run between Auckland and Sydney. The Goldfinch encoun-

tered a hurricane, and had an extremely narrow escape.

Gen. Dodds inaugurated at the Military Club at Noumea, June 30, the first experiment in wireless telegraphy made in Oceania. The result was considered so satisfactory that arrangements are being made for connecting, by means of wireless telegraphy, the light-house at the town of Noumea with various parts of the island.

J. Endicott of Auckland, N. Z., claims to have invented a cannon which is noiseless and smokeless. The weapon is five feet in circumference, and will carry five miles. The cost will be £10 per shot.

ENTERPRISE LOST.

VICTORIA (B. C.) Aug. 11.—The Mowers brings the news from New Zealand that the Enterprise, a brigantine, has been lost. She left Dunedin June 24 last for a three-days' run to Temaru, and nothing more has been heard of her, although both private and government searches have been made. A severe and fierce gale followed shortly after her departure, and it is believed that she went down. Her skipper was Capt. Oron Maxwell, who had been a captain for a quarter of a century. Her crew numbered eighteen.

WOMAN AGAINST WOMAN.

Mrs. Katie Bulck Captures a Noted Female Swindler.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO. Aug. 11.—For the first time in the history of the organization the Supreme Lodge, the Independent Order of Red men, will hold its session in San Francisco. The supreme officers will arrive Sunday morning and will be received at the hotel by the members of the local organization. The session will be held through the principal streets of the city to Turners Hall, where the sessions of the supreme body will be held during the succeeding days.

Red Men at San Francisco.

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Rich Strike of Stocktonite.

STOCKTON. Aug. 11.—The news came to the relatives of Frank Butters, a miner who went from this city to the Cape Nome section, that he had struck a claim which he took out for the first time \$150 a month. Butters spent nearly two years in Dawson and came out from there last winter with money. On his way back to Dawson he went up to Cape Nome to prospect the district.

Jumped from Fire Escape.

SAN FRANCISCO. Aug. 12.—Many MacKenzies and 50 jumped from a fire escape at St. Mary's Hospital this evening and sustained injuries from which she died in a short time. The woman had been taken to the hospital, Thursday, by J. P. Gegan, who had removed her from the San Francisco sanitarium, where she had been for several weeks past. It is believed she was insane.

Capital City Burglars Sentenced.

SACRAMENTO. Aug. 11.—James Carroll and Frank Shields, who were arrested last Monday for burglarizing the gun store of W. Eberhart, today pleaded guilty in the Superior Court and were sentenced to five years' imprisonment, each, in the penitentiary.

Tripp and Von Sternberg.

SEATTLE (Wash.) Aug. 11.—George Bartlett Tripp and Baron von Sternberg, of the Sasquatch Commission passed through here today, their party came inauspicious of them just in time and, returning to the yacht, were fortunate in getting a favorable wind. As it was, the cannibals pursued them for many miles. The news was brought here by the Mowara.

SET UPON BY INDIANS.

Ukiah Blacksmith Beaten and Shot at in Round Valley.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

COVELO. Aug. 11.—Frank Layton, the proprietor of a blacksmith shop at Ukiah, while visiting the Round Valley Indian reservation for the purpose of inspection, became bewildered and seeing a group of Indians, stopped to make inquiries to the road to the reservation, and was set upon by the Indians and beaten. He finally escaped to the brush, when a fusillade of shots followed his retreat. Layton escaped badly bruised.

A famous medicine man named Wahmooh is responsible for the hostile demonstration. Excitement is intense, and fear of an Indian outbreak are entertained.

Wahmooh and his band have eluded pursuit by the Indian police, and have escaped to the Trinity Hills. The civil authorities are awaiting action of the government officials before taking a hand in the case, in view of the fact that the Indians are not to interfere in Indian affairs for unlawful acts committed on the reservation.

COMPANY HELD LIABLE.

Murderous Chinese Blew Up Works and Other Houses.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

OAKLAND. Aug. 11.—A jury in an Alameda county Superior Court today brought in a verdict in a damage suit that will prove far-reaching in its effect. It was a verdict awarding Rasmus Larsen \$1500 damages against the Western Fuse and Explosive Company for the wrecking of his little home at Melrose through an explosion caused by the bullet extracted from his own revolver, thus accounting for the bullet removed from the chamber, which was in size with that plated in the ceiling.

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OROVILLE. Aug. 11.—Jealousy was the cause of James Purdy of Forbush shooting and fatally wounding his wife today, after which he set fire to his house and then killed himself. Purdy was a miner, about 30 years old.

TWO BIGAMY CHARGES.

George L. Osgood Practically Admits His Guilt.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO. Aug. 11.—George Osgood, now in stand trial in the Superior Court on a charge of bigamy, was arraigned today and entered a plea of guilty, throwing herself upon the mercy of the court. Judge Purdy sentenced her to the penitentiary for eighteen years.

TENNESSEE NEGRO LYCHED.

NASHVILLE (Tenn.) Aug. 11.—Will Chambers, who was arrested a day ago, criminally assaulting the 14-year-old daughter of William Waters, was lynched near Bell Buckle at an early hour today. He was in a critical condition.

PENNSYLVANIA STOVE TRUST.

PITTSBURGH (Pa.) Aug. 11.—A two-combination, which has been hanging fire for some months, has been finally consummated here by the uniting of the principal stove companies of Pittsburgh and Allegheny to form the Pittsburgh Stove and Range Company, with a capital of \$2,000,000.

It is understood that the defense

bases hopes on the fact that while one of the bigamous marriages took place in Stockton, and the other in Oakland in California. The result was considered so satisfactory that arrangements are being made for connecting, by means of wireless telegraphy, the light-house at the town of Noumea with various parts of the island.

Gen. Dodds inaugurated at the Military Club at Noumea, June 30, the first experiment in wireless telegraphy made in Oceania. The result was considered so satisfactory that arrangements are being made for connecting, by means of wireless telegraphy, the light-house at the town of Noumea with various parts of the island.

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DIXON LOST BLOOD.

EDDIE SANTRY OPENED HIS EYE AND EAR.

Chicagoan Was Extremely Clever and the Colored Wonder Was Game—Twenty Rounds Fought and Nobody Won.

The Toll Man from Windy City Had the Nosebleed in the Eighth, but He Made the Other Man Stumble.

Phillies Sustain the First Shutout. Five Favorites Finish First at St. Louis—Saratoga Foul. Defender Decimated.

ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—George Dixon, the colored featherweight champion, and Eddie Santry of Chicago met to-night before the Broadway Athletic Club for twenty rounds at 125 pounds, and Referee Johnny White declared the bout a draw. The clubhouse was crowded to its utmost limit, nearly 6000 persons being present.

Dixon put up a game exhibition, and Santry showed wonderful improvement since he appeared here last, Santry's advantage in height stood him in good stead, and the way he dodged his head away from Dixon's leads was extremely clever. Dixon at times was wild, and he frequently overreached himself, using poor judgment as to distance. Santry went right to his man, and from the very beginning showed that he meant to fight without adopting sprinting tactics. Tom O'Rourke, Tom Sharkey and Charles Miner were in Dixon's corner, while Johnny Gorman, Charley Burns and Jack Quinn were in Santry's.

In the opening round Dixon was the aggressor, with honors about even. A left swing from Dixon in the second landed on Santry's eye, and the Chicagoan fought back viciously, driving his right to the body, and bringing it up to the head. Santry was wild with his left swings in that round, as well as in the third, but he managed to get the left hard to the wind.

In the fourth round Dixon's right eye was reopened with a right swing from Santry, and the latter paid attention to the mark throughout the rest of the fight.

At the close of the eighth round Dixon swung his right on Santry's head, and Eddie replied with a similar blow, landing back of the neck, and Dixon came out as the gong sounded. When Santry went to his corner his nose was bleeding.

During the ninth Dixon's left ear was burst with a right swing, but he kept throwing his left to the body. In the tenth Dixon landed a back-hand blow to the head, and followed with a hard right to the body.

From this to the end of the nineteenth round it was a ding-dong contest, with Dixon mainly on the aggressive, and Santry blocking very cleverly. Dixon came like a whirlwind in the last round, forcing and whipping, but neither had any decided advantage at the finish.

Tommy Sullivan, of Brooklyn, and Jimmy Devers of this city met in the preliminary bout. They also fought twenty rounds, each weighing 120 pounds. Sullivan won.

DEFENDER GAVE UP.

Wind Went Against Her and She Lay Idle Two Hours.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW BEDFORD (Mass.), Aug. 11.—The run of the New York Yacht Club fleet from Vineyard Haven today to this port proved the most unsatisfactory of the cruise, and as far as the racing was concerned, was well-nigh a fizzle. All day the yachts wrestled with typical dog-day conditions, winds from all quarters and all velocities. The Columbia, for the second time in the cruise, beat the Defender by many miles, because of the shifting breezes and calms. In fact, so far ahead was the new boat at the finish, that the Defender gave up entirely and did not round one of the marks, the Vineyard Sound lightship.

The only racing during the day, about noon, it looked as if the Defender might win, for she got a fine shift of wind and left the Columbia becalmed two miles astern; but this seemingly fortunate shift proved the Defender's undoing, the breeze leaving her five miles from the start, and she lay there two hours while her rival, farther out in the Sound, picked up a nice south-west breeze, and made the gain that effectively put the Defender out of the race.

EASTERN BASEBALL.

Phillies Sustain Their First Shut-out This Season.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 11.—The Phillips today sustained the first shut-out of the season. Leever was invincible. The attendance was 3000. Score.

Pittsburgh, 5; hits, 8; errors, 0. Philadelphia, 9; hits, 7; errors, 0. Batteries—Leever and Schriver; Platt and Douglass.

Umpires—Emms and McDonald.

POSTPONED GAMES.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Washington-Chicago game postponed, 1215. NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—Cleve and New York game postponed; wet grounds.

BOSTON, Aug. 11.—No game between Cincinnati and Boston; wet grounds.

BROOKLYN-LOUISVILLE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

BROOKLYN, Aug. 11.—The Brooklyn played up to their old form today, but had little the best of the Colonels, who put up a great game. Kennedy and Cunningham had a duel in the box, but Kennedy was invincible, striking out six men and allowing no bases on balls. His by a scratch ball lost the game for Louisville. Douglass was the lucky man. He scored on Cusack's sacrifice, an out and a steal to the plate, while Farrell was running to second. The attendance was 1800. Score:

Louisville, 5; base hits, 3; errors, 3. Brooklyn, 1; base hits, 5; errors, 1. Batteries—Cunningham and Zimmerman; Farrell and Douglass.

Umpires—Gaffney and Latham.

MONTREAL'S BIG MEET.

Ben Goodson of Australia Wins Five-mile Handicap.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

MONTREAL, Aug. 11.—The extra day's racing of the world's meet attracted about one thousand people, indications of rain keeping many away. The principal feature of the card was the five-mile handicap, which was won by the Australian rider, Ben Goodson, who beat the Scotchman, Caldwell, in a rattling finish by a half wheel, with

Sherritt and Boisvert, two Canadians, close up. There was a nasty third and third heat in this race. Large of Charlottetown, went over the embankment at its highest part, bringing down three other riders. All were cut and bruised.

In the preliminaries of the five-mile professional handicap, Nat Butler made a great race in the first heat, but he had to give up after the start, and he was never seen again. Finally the Major started on the injured wheel, but had to give up after going a couple of miles. Tom Butler, who had lagged behind with the Major, had to do some great sprinting in order to get out of the race. The first four men made a nice race of it, Boisvert winning nicely in the stretch.

The added race was a three-mile amateur sprint. Scratches robbed the preliminaries of interest, but the semifinals were good events, and the final was a race all the way from the start to the wire. Caldwell, the Scotchman, was in the best position at the stretch, and raced home a comparatively easy winner, while Boisvert, the Montreal man, by great sprinting, beat Goodson of Australia.

Jimmy Drury, the best of the Canadian amateurs, in an attempt to smash the world's amateur paced record of 1:39, made recently in England, but the best he could do was 1:43 4-5, a second slower than the American mark of 1:42 4-5, but considerably better than the Canadian amateur record of 1:54. Drury was paced by a steam motor, and had no difficulty in keeping the pace.

Summary: Five-mile handicap, amateur: Ben Goodson, Sydney, (scratch) won; J. Sherritt, Glasgow, (scratch) second; A. Sherritt, Bradford, (15 yards) third; time, 1:52 4-5.

Five-mile handicap, professional, first five men to qualify in time to be run tomorrow: First heat, Frank Butler, Cambridge, (100) won; Nat Butler, Cambridge (scratch) second; John J. Colgan, Trenton, N. J. (125) third; T. E. Blane, Bradford, (150) fourth; B. E. Blane, Bradford, (150) fifth; time, 10:44 2-5. Nat Butler's time, 10:44 2-5, world's handicap competition record.

Second heat, Alf Boake, Toronto, (150) won; Watson, Coleman, Boston, (225) second; Henry Gibson, Cincinnati, (225) third; Hugh McLean, Chicago, (225) fourth; Tom Butler, Cambridge, (250) fifth; time, 11:07 2-5.

One-third mile, amateur: J. Caldwell, Glasgow, won; C. H. Boisvert, Montreal, second; Ben Goodson, Australia, third; time, 0:42 3-5.

FOUGHT LIKE DOGS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SIOUX CITY (Iowa), Aug. 11.—"Australian Billy" Murphy and Patsy Magner got on the floor.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

DIXON SWUNG HIS RIGHT ON SANTRY'S HEAD, AND THE LATTER PAINDED ATTEMPTED TO GET MARK THROUGHOUT THE REST OF THE FIGHT.

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ALASKAN AFFAIRS.

OFFICIAL BRITISH AND CANADIAN MAPS DON'T AGREE.

Great Britain's Line Practically That of the United States—Canadians Evolved Behm Canal Line, Which is Base of Contention.

Ex-Congressman Lewis Pressing Claims of American Miners for Claims Taken Away from Them by Canadian Authorities.

Friends of Alexander McDonald Deny that the Klondike King is Insolvent—Report Based on Merest Rumor.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—James Hamilton Lewis, who is here in the interest of American miners, who had about \$10,000,000 worth of mining property taken away from them by the Canadian authorities, was at the State Department today and from what he gathered there the Department will at least bring the attention of the London authorities to the matter, even if it will not press settlement. This was Mr. Lewis's first hearing before the State Department, and his case is not completed yet. He hopes when the facts are all known that the government will insist upon a settlement.

OFFICIAL MAPS DISAGREE.

British Line Agrees with that of United States.

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.] NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—A special to the Herald from Washington says:

Clear evidence is to the growth of political Canadian contention regarding the location of the Alaskan boundary line can be found in a comparison of official British and Canadian maps. It will be seen that Great Britain has not adopted on the official charts issued by the hydrographic officers of the admiralty the line now contended for by Canada, but has laid down upon them with possibly some slight variations the identical line that is contended for by the United States.

This is shown by reference to the line as traced on the admiralty chart of the Pacific Ocean in the edition of 1887, and on the admiralty chart of Alaskan waters in the edition of 1898.

These lines differ somewhat in the neighborhood of Mount St. Elias, one following the strand of the mainland and the other following the winding of the coast, but as to the two essential points in controversy both maps agree and both sustain the American claim. By following the line of the coast at Lynn Canal these lines, as will be seen, will throw the whole of Lynn Canal well inside the territory of the United States.

The Canadian claim, as it stands today, has been arrived at by evolution. The treaty makes the boundary beginning at Prince of Wales Island and ascending to the north along the channel of Lynn Canal. As the mainland Channel which runs to the north, begins almost due east of the southernmost point of Prince of Wales Island, the Canadians set up the contention that the treaty-makers could not have meant Portland Channel, but must have had Behm Canal in mind.

In accordance with this view, Mr. Smith, chief commissioner of lands and works in 1884, made a map in which he carried the line up Behm Canal. Aside from this the map followed in a general way the line contended for by the Americans.

It was not until 1895 that the Canadian contention took its present shape. In that year Mr. Martin, the chief commissioner of lands and works, published a map which shows the present Canadian contention as its full development. He took the same stand as his predecessor, and ran his line up Behm Canal. Then he abandoned the winding of the coast, which the theory provided should be the guide in locating the line, ten marine leagues therefore, and, taking his work on the contention with which the treaty reads that the coast line should be considered as running from headland to headland, he laid down what he termed the "undetermined boundary line."

This line, it will be seen, crosses the Loyalist River, immediately north of Beringer's Bay, and then throws all of the upper part of the canal, including Dyea, Skagway, Pyramid Harbor and other settlements and the entrance into the harbor, into the territory claimed by the Canadians, and it is conceded by the representatives of the United States, would be directly contrary to the provision of the treaty.

A KLONDIKE CANARD.

Denial of Report that McDonald has Failed.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SEATTLE (Wash.) Aug. 11.—In the absence of contradictory advices no credence is given here to the report that Alexander McDonald, the Klondike mining king, is an insolvent. So far as can be ascertained the story of McDonald's failure is based on the most statement of Thomas Kilkenny, a returning Klondiker, to the effect that just before he left Dawson a friend of his told him that McDonald had filed a notice of insolvency at the Courthouse.

A number of reputable Klondikers who left Dawson subsequent to the date on which McDonald is reported to have filed his notice of insolvency, say they heard nothing of it, and believe the story has no foundation.

ANOTHER DENIAL.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] VICTORIA (B. C.) Aug. 11.—E. Merriam, who has just returned from Dawson, contradicts the statement that Alexander McDonald, the Klondike mining king, is an insolvent. So far as can be ascertained the story of McDonald's office would be so modified that it would be satisfactory.

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Manufacturers Going to Paris.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 11.—The National Association of Manufacturers today began issuing invitations to members to unite in visiting the Paris exposition next year. This is the result of a general discussion among the members at the last annual meeting in Cincinnati, when the proposition was made to hold the exposition in Paris.

McDonald's check is good for almost unlimited sums, and the big fellow is richer today than he ever was in his life. Merriam says McDonald has about sixty claims on Eldorado, Bonanza, Dawson, Sulphur, Hunker and other creeks. He can ascribe no other reason than jealousy for the reports circulated regarding McDonald's financial embarrassment.

DAMAGE TO SHIPPING.

Whaling Vessel's Captain Confirms Report of St. Michaels Storm.

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.] SEATTLE (Wash.) Aug. 11.—Capt. Mason of the steam whaler Jeanie confirms previous reports of the damage done to St. Michaels shipping in the storm which raged around and off St. Michaels Island on July 12.

The wrecks of thirty river steamers thrown upon the beach of the island bear out the testimony to the force

and fury of the gale. Of this number Capt. Mason says twenty-five are wrecked beyond repair. He saw the total damage, he stated, exceeds \$500,000. He saw \$20,000 steamers offered for \$2000 and other wrecks for \$100. The City of Paris was half full of water. The captain could not remember the names of the other wrecked vessels.

[CUBA.] GARCIA'S NEW MILITIA.

SHALL BE COMPOSED OF AND OFFICERED BY CUBANS.

The General Lays His Plans Before Army Officers at Washington. Has Long Talk with Gen. Miles. Says He Gets Encouragement.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Gen. Carlos Garcia of Cuba was engaged today in the presentation to army officers of plans for the Cuban militia. He had a long conference during the forenoon with Gen. Miles. The plan is to organize several regiments from the soldiers who fought for Cuban independence into what shall constitute a national guard, and at the same time perform duties similar to those of the gendarmerie of European countries.

He thinks the force could be utilized to maintain order and relieve many of the American soldiers. It could be classed as a part of the auxiliary force authorized by the last Congress, but the intention is that it shall be officered by Cubans and paid out of the Cuban revenues.

So far as he has been able to present the plan among officials in this city, Gen. Garcia says he has received encouragement.

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[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—The Secretary of War has directed that the census of Cuba shall be completed by January 1 next, and Gen. Joseph Sanger of the Inspector-General's department will be assigned to take general charge of the work, with headquarters at Havana. Gen. Sanger was in command of one of the military departments of Cuba for several months after the Spanish evacuation, and has been recently on special duty in connection with the administration of affairs of our insular possessions.

The manner in which the census is to be taken is practically determined as a result of numerous conferences held between the Cuban officials and the authorities of the War Department and General Sanger. The immediate taking of the census will be under a Cuban official in each district. Each will have a force of Cuban enumerators, but the number of these is yet to be decided. The final tabulation of the country will be made at the Census Office in Washington.

WHO WEAKENED SANTIAGO?

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] MADRID, Aug. 11.—The Gazette today publishes the verdict of the supreme court-martial, which, in addition to acquitting Gens. Toral and Pareja of surrendering Santiago de Cuba without having exhausted all means of defense, orders the additional inquiry to discover the responsibility for the lack of means of defense, which necessitated the capitulation of that place.

EDITORS WANT DAMAGES.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—The editor of the Havana newspaper, El Recreato, which was recently suppressed by the United States military authorities in Cuba, have employed an attorney in Washington to present their claim to the Secretary of War. They will probably ask for damages, and also that their rights shall be determined in the civil courts.

ARMY OFFICERS PLEASED.

Order Affecting Inspector-General's Office is Modified.

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Consulting Specialist For

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Over Wells-Fargo.

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2 WEEKS OF RACING

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EXCURSION RATES TO VISITORS.

WRITE FOR PARTICULARS.

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PRESIDENT

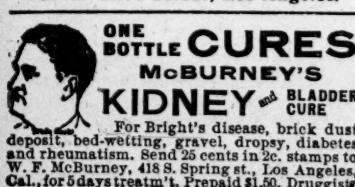


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403 S. Spring St., SATURDAY, AUG. 12,

AT 2:30 AND 7:30 P.M.

The entire contents of the Novelty of Mr. B. Fish, who is going out of business. The goods will be sold for account of whom it is necessary. Aug. 12, at 2:30 P.M. 403 S. Spring St. Other country dealers and persons furnishing new homes and hotels should not fail to be in attendance. This sale is positively peremptory.

MILLER AUCTION CO., Auctioneers.

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BANKRUPT SALE OF 10 ROLLS OF NEW VELVET AND BRUSSELS CARPETS WILL BE SOLD FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT IS NECESSARY. AUG. 12, AT 2:30 P.M. 403 S. Spring St. OTHER COUNTRY DEALERS AND PERSONS FURNISHING NEW HOMES AND HOTELS SHOULD NOT FAIL TO BE IN ATTENDANCE. THIS SALE IS POSITIVELY PEREMPTORY.

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Counting Room and Subscription Department, third floor.

Editorial Room, third floor.

City Editor and local news room, second floor.

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The Los Angeles Times

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DAILY AND SUNDAY, 75 cents a month, or \$9.00 a year; DAILY WITHOUT SUNDAY, \$7.50 a year; SUNDAY, \$2.50; WEEKLY, \$1.50.

DAILY Net Average for 1892..... 18,671

DAILY Net Average for 1893..... 19,225

DAILY Net Average for 1894..... 26,131

SWORD Circulation: NEARLY 800,000 COPIES A MONTH.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter.

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

LOS ANGELES THEATER—Lambardi Opera Company: *Cavaliers Rusticans* and *I Magiacci* (Matins, Barber of Seville). ORPHEUM—Vaudville. (Matines.)

THE TIMES AT THE RESORTS.

Patrons of THE TIMES desiring the delivery of their paper changed to any of the beach resorts are requested to leave orders at the Subscription Department, by postal card or otherwise, or with local agents as follows: A. E. Jackson, No. 236 Third street, Santa Monica; F. A. Schinnerer, Bank Building, Long Beach; S. R. Commander, foot of wharf, Redondo; Mrs. D. Samples, Terminal Island, and Mrs. E. E. McLeod, Catalina Island; Gus Knight, Jr., at Bear Valley; Pine Lake P. O. Subscribers will confer a favor by reporting to the main office any irregularity in delivery or of any inattention on the part of carriers.

THE ALASKAN BOUNDARY.

It is becoming more apparent, as facts are brought to light in relation to the Alaskan boundary dispute between the United States and Canada, that the claims of the latter country are untenable, and that a fair decision, when it is finally reached—and we are bound to believe such a determination will be reached sooner or later—will sustain the contention of the United States upon nearly all the points involved. It appears, from the latest information brought out by the discussion, that the coast line claimed by the United States is substantially the same as that set down in the official charts issued by the hydrographic officers of the British Admiralty. The line as laid down on the admiralty chart of 1887 and again on that of 1898, is said to be almost identical with the coast line claimed by our government. The Canadian boundary line, as defined by treaty, is ten marine leagues back from the coast line; and taking the British admiralty chart as basis, it is found that the whole of the Lynn Canal is well within the territory of the United States.

There is no likelihood that there will be war between the United States and Canada, nor between the United States and Great Britain, as a result of this boundary dispute. Somewhere between the conflicting claims lies the golden mean of right and justice. We shall arrive at a right conclusion in the end, though the dispute may be long, and perhaps somewhat acrimonious at times. The recent utterances of Sir Wilfred Laurier were extremely injudicious and in very bad taste, but since he has disavowed any intent to provoke hostile feeling, his hasty words have been forgiven if not wholly forgotten on this side of the border. Meantime, let us proceed to settle this tempest in a teapot by rational methods, as becomes rational men.

PROTECT THE ORANGE GROWERS.

Advices from New York state that the Democratic party is the party of labor, yet it is a fact, as the New York Tribune recently pointed out, that the Republican party has added more to the wages of American labor while the Democratic party has introduced this country from Jamaica. A reciprocity agreement on the lines proposed will be an irreparable injury to the California fruit-grower, and those in any way interested in Pacific Coast fruits will fight the proposed new tariff for all they are worth.

A CONSERVATIVE ESTIMATE OF THE ORANGE CROP OF CALIFORNIA.

William Dean Howells with confessing that he was not born with literary talent. "I came," says Mr. Howells, "of a reading race, which has always loved literature in a way. My inclination was to read, rather than to write." There are numerous unapreciative persons who would be glad to have Mr. Howells cultivate his reading inclinations more and his writing inclinations less in the future.

A Madrid dispatch states that the Supreme Court-Martial which acquitted Gens. Toral and Pareja of surrendering Santiago without having exhausted all means of defense, has ordered an additional inquiry "to discover the responsibility for the lack of means of defense, which necessitated the capitulation of that place."

If this inquiry be conducted with any thing like thoroughness, it will be likely to bring down some big game.

A yellow "dispatch" from Washington says that "Some of the higher government officials express great fear that, if something is not done in the near future to smooth over the many labor troubles, Republicans may lose heavily in many States in which they ought to hold more than their own."

Oh, yes! The Republicans are re-

sponsible. They are responsible for the general prosperity which makes labor strikes possible.

St. John, the British naval officer who so bitterly condemned Maj. Gen. Otis, is now proven to be of unsound mind. He is not alone, as witness the carpenter minds that echoed him. The comparison, though odious to St. John, is pitiful. He mouthed the wanderings of a lost brain; they publish the venom of lost souls. God and men condemn a copperhead.

Vice-Chairman W. J. Stone of the National Democratic Committee declares that there is not a shadow of doubt about the nomination of Bryan by the Democratic National Convention in 1900. Probably not. But there is not only the shadow but the substance of a doubt about Bryan's election, and it is spelled with a big, big D, with a dash in advance of it.

Mr. Bryan's friends triumphantly assert that he "has addressed more people than any other man on earth." This may be true; for a man that goes about and talks unceasingly, from day to day, from week to week, from month to month, and from year to year, is bound to address a large number of persons in the course of his perambulations.

It is stated that ex-Secretary Alger, just before his retirement from the office of Secretary of War, recommended that Maj. Gen. Otis should be recalled from his command in the Philippines. This is another of the numerous reasons why Gen. Otis should stay where he is.

That hurricane in the West Indies was a "corker," and no mistake. Porto Rico, our new possession, appears to be about in the center of the hurricane belt.

Our troops in the Philippines are doing very well, considering the fact that this is the rainy season, when campaigning is "impossible."

Aggie's last run before Gen. MacArthur's men must give his trunk a holiday and put his pajamas on the line to dry.

RANK MUTINY.

To the uninited the action of First Officer Single of the steamship Sicilum, which was caught in the hurricane off Porto Rico, in wrestling the command from the captain and causing the countermanding of the captain's orders, looks quite the heroic thing, especially as the barge over which they disagreed chance to be saved; but there is a more serious side to it all. Officers and men, at sea and on shore, are sworn to obey all lawful orders of their superiors, and Capt. Thomas was competent to issue the order to cut the barge loose. To him it was the ship, cargo, treasure and lives of the officers and crew against the barge and two men. The act of the mate was simple mutiny, and no authority could exist in time of trial if such acts were countenanced. That this barge was saved does not change the case, if how would it be if the barge were lost? This is a most unusual case for which, happily, there is little precedent in American maritime annals, and it is confidently expected by all who know the value of unquestioned obedience that this headstrong officer may be vigorously dealt with by the national inspectors. A sailor's creed is "Obey orders if you break owners," and the mate knew it well. It does not require argument to a thinking man to prove that such acts are subversive of all authority, and that while they could admire the emotional animus of the mate they must condemn the act and the insubordination it foisted. Where would Dewey or Schley be if some big-headed captain climbed upon the bridge and changed the plan of battle without orders, solely because he thought those officers could not see what was needed?

LOS ANGELES THEATER.

Carmen and another opportunity to hear the Lambardi forces again, served to draw a much larger house last evening, both down stairs and up, than greeted the Ellis company in the same opera last spring; and all things considered, the comparison was not at all to the disfavor of the singers who have by sincere, conscientious, earnest and very superior workmanship, won a warm place in the regard of the music-loving public here. Elize's bewitchingly beautiful music was sung with spirit, in many instances with fine artistic effect; and the gamut of fiery love, intense hate, despair and vengeance was portrayed by the principals with skill and discretion. Of course Signor Bagnoli's *Zorro* and Signor Zanelli, neither is Carmen nor Zorro.

M. Lombard, the fiancé, was the next witness. He told the court that he had been conscious Mlle. Bignon was making some movements during the spell of darkness, but he saw in that no reason for suspicion. Then the attorney for the defendant asked some questions which M. Lombard did not like. The fiancé answered sharply:

"You probably mean to create a suspicion that I myself may have been the thief. But my dear sir, it is absurd on the face of it. It was I who had presented Mlle. Bignon with most of the stolen gems; moreover, I have since done much more than to replace them."

Having thus proved he could not be the thief, the young man announced he purposed to thrash both the manager of the Scala and his attorney for having intimated that he might. These gentlemen immediately disclaimed any past or present intention of intimating anything of the sort.

The decision rendered by the court in this remarkable case reads as follows:

"It is shown by the testimony that—

"First—The darkness was not the result of neglect, or defective apparatus, but a part of the performance, an expected scenic makeshift, long sanctioned by the acceptance of the public.

"Second—The door of the box had been left open by the occupants themselves, and for their sole convenience.

"Moreover, the submissive and even encouraging attitude of the woman plaintiff under certain manifestations of tenderness which she described is a clear proof that she had really no objection to the extinguishing of the lights, which she now thought unnecessary.

"Therefore, for all these reasons, each of which is itself sufficient, the court rejects the demands of the plaintiff, and condemns her to pay all costs of the suit."

A FRENCH KISS.

How a Thief Kissed and Robbed a Woman in a Theater.

[New York World:] Whenever a girl feels herself suddenly kissed in the dark she must not jump at the conclusion that it is surely her sweet-heart. On the other hand, she might do well to give a thought to the jewelry she might happen to wear.

Had Mile. Louise Bignon shown this recommended caution she would not now be deplored the loss of a pearl necklace, a watch and two rings; in the whole representing a little fortune.

Mlle. Bignon is blond, tall, stylish, magnificient and twenty-one. One night recently her fiance took her to La Scala—one of the famous music halls of Paris. The two occupied a box of which the door, on account of heat, was left wide open on the corridor.

For a quick change of scenery, the electric light was suddenly shut off and the whole theater left in absolute darkness. When the current was again turned on the audience was startled by a woman's shrill cry, followed by a brief but audible and interesting dialogue.

It all came from the box where evidently Mile. Bignon had been made especially frantic by something. She exclaimed quite audibly:

"Paul, did you kiss me?"

"I—I—why, no—what's the matter with you?" was the reply.

Her hand had gone reverberly to her neck.

"My necklace is gone!" she almost shrieked. "Stop thief!"

She was off. The fiancé followed.

The whole audience was on its feet in the crowd Louise and Paul were rushing here and there, crazily trying to see if any man had the stolen necklace in his hands. After a while they had the good sense to give it up, and went home.

Today Mile. Louise was explaining the case to the court before whom she had sued the manager of La Scala for damages. Here is a curious passage of her testimony:

"As soon as the lights were out I felt a man leaning over me from behind my chair. With one hand he took me under the chin, and thus turning up my face, kissed my lips several times. Meanwhile his other hand was around my neck.

"Of course I was sure it was Paul, my fiancé, who was taking advantage of the sudden darkness. That is why I offered no resistance."

"I was held somewhat bent backward, and in that position I put my hand on the head that was over mine. This hand was immediately grabbed and pressed hard. But then, again, I was so certain it was Paul that I did not even realize that my rings were being taken off. Nor did I feel that my necklace was being unclasped and stolen.

"The carelessness were too swift, too violent. I had no time to think, to get astonished or suspicious. The theft was done with marvelous dexterity."

M. Lombard, the fiancé, was the next witness. He told the court that he had been conscious Mlle. Bignon was making some movements during the spell of darkness, but he saw in that no reason for suspicion. Then the attorney for the defendant asked some questions which M. Lombard did not like. The fiancé answered sharply:

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"Therefore, for all these reasons, each of which is itself sufficient, the court rejects the demands of the plaintiff, and condemns her to pay all costs of the suit."

Faith Cure That Killed.

[New York Tribune, Chicago Special:] Mrs. Annette Flanders died at St. Luke's Hospital Thursday night as the result of acute blood poisoning induced by neglect and lack of medical attendance. For over a week prior to her removal to the hospital she had been attended by Mrs. Henrik Bratz, a follower of John Alexander Dowie, who excluded physicians and friends from the room. Finally, when death was near at hand, she was taken to the hospital. It was then too late for medical skill to have any effect, however, and Mrs. Flanders died.

Mrs. Flanders became interested in the doctrines of Dowie, whose home and various printing and business houses are conducted under the name "Zion," and who is known as the general overseer of the "Christian Caliphate."

Two weeks ago she became ill, and when a physician was suggested, she insisted that relief should be brought from "Zion" and Mrs. Bratz appeared. Throughout the three days that Mrs. Flanders suffered Mrs. Bratz prayed long and fervently. A little girl, born in the Hillsdale mine, had been sent to the hospital to care for Mrs. Flanders.

Mrs. Flanders died on the morning of the 13th, and when Dowie was called to the room he found her dead.

The coroner's inquest was adjourned.

The Games

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Aug. 11.—(Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Official.) At 5 o'clock a.m., the barometer registered 29.89; at 5 p.m., 29.88. Thermometer for 24 hours corresponding hours showed 69 deg. 5 min. and 75 deg. 4 min., 19 deg. 8 min., 25 per cent.; 5 p.m., 26 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., calm; 5 p.m., west velocity 8 miles. Maximum temperature, 83 deg.; minimum temperature, 59 deg. Barometer reduced to sea level.

DRY BULB TEMPERATURE.

Los Angeles 58 San Francisco 54

San Diego 64 Portland 50

Weather Conditions.—An area of high pressure is overspreading the North Pacific Slope, accompanied by clear, cool weather. The pressure continues low in the Southwest with moderate temperature. Warm weather prevails in the Mts. and Ohio Valley. Clouds continue to form on the California coast, clear in the interior.

Forecasts.—Local forecast for Los Angeles and vicinity: Cloudy tonight; fair, moderately warm Saturday; westerly winds.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11.—Weather conditions and general forecast: The following maximum temperatures were reported from stations in California today:

Eureka 72 San Diego 72

Fresno 89 Sacramento 78

Los Angeles 82 Independence 88

Red Bluff 88 Yuma 102

San Luis Obispo. 74

San Francisco data: Maximum temperature, 60 deg.; minimum, 54 deg.; mean, 57 deg.

The pressure has fallen over Oregon and Washington. The pressure changes over the northern half of the Pacific Coast area are of an unusually rapid character.

Temperature has risen slightly over Oregon and Southern Idaho, and has fallen in the great valleys of California. Throughout California the temperatures are from 2 to 6 deg. below the normal. A thunderstorm is reported at Kalispel.

Forecasts made at San Francisco for thirty hours, ending at midnight, August 12:

Northern California: Cloudy Saturday, probably with light sprinkles early Saturday morning in the northern portion; fresh southwesterly winds.

Southern California: Cloudy Saturday; light westerly winds.

Arizona: Cloudy Saturday.

San Francisco and vicinity: Cloudy Saturday; fresh southwesterly winds.

The Times' Weather Record.—Observations made at 1 p.m. and midnight, daily:

August 11 1 p.m. Midnight.

Barometer 29.89 29.88

Thermometer 59 67

Wind 50 80

Weather Clear. Clear

Maximum temperature, 24

hours 85

Minimum temperature, 24

hours 62

Tide Table.—For San Pedro:

High. Low.

Friday, August 11. 11:55 a.m. 5:57 a.m.

6:09 p.m. 6:20 p.m.

Saturday, " 12. 0:25 a.m. 5:57 a.m.

12:39 p.m. 6:20 p.m.

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

Our Coast exchanges are burdened with the cry of daylight robberies and burglaries, and no section of Southern California seems to be safe from such visits. The thieves know the practice of families who lock up the house and go to the beach for a long period, and take advantage of it. A handful of pencils, a bunch of envelopes or a bottle of some imaginary cleaning preparation opens the way to inspect the premises, and, finding them untenanted, the rest is simple. This class of crime is common in all communities and police protection cannot be blamed. Householders could remove all valuable portable things to safe storage and render the visits empty of plunder, as possible to the thief.

It pays to be sick and penniless in Riverside county, according to the report of the County Hospital Superintendent. This statement needs to be qualified by explaining that it pays the pauper not the taxpayer, for the report shows a per capita average cost for July of \$1.10. As good hotel accommodations can be had in the town for \$1 per day, the truth of the opening statement is manifest. It will be interesting to note the number of impudent cadavers that this report will attract to San Jacinto, where this pauper's paradise is situated. Riveriders are evidently long on money and short on foresight. There is reason to believe that the hindsight of this report will tend to even up things.

Redlands is trailing the municipal coat-tail all around town and asking some one to step on it, all because they have more water than they need for a crop, and a real automobile carriage running on their streets. "People rushed into the streets to see the thing," we are told, and now it will be difficult to fellowship with a Redlander or tell the real size of the hat he wears. As a corrective of the spring-half goose step engendered by oil on the streets, it is hoped the "auto" will be a success. If some local genius would capitalize a company to tank up summer atmosphere there and store it for cold weather, like Col. Mulberry Sellers, he would exclaim, "There's millions in it!"

The Fresno Republican says editorially: "Watsonville has abolished the nickel-in-the-slot machines—not merely prohibited, mind you, but abolished. In fact, this is one of the few cases in which prohibition prevents. And the wave of prevention is rolling onward. Will it strike Fresno last, or next to the last?"

In such an enlightened and progressive community as Fresno this matter should be taken up at once. Faro, poker, shell-games, craps, keno, policy, even green goods and gold bricks, give a little to the victim occasionally, but the cursed slot machine, never. Deceit, treachery, lying to parents, selfishness and several other things are developed in boys by the slot machine, and the community that fosters such an agency of iniquity must sooner or later regret it. Drive it out!

It is especially pleasing to the anxious hearts throughout Southern California, looking for loved ones now speeding home on the Sherman, to note the royal reception that is being prepared for them at San Francisco. Not the least attractive feature of the scores that stand out for admiration in this reception is the absence of personal or corporate exploitation. The committee is working for the whole State, and the boys from south of Tehachapi will not be known in the general welcoming greeting from those native to San Francisco's sand dunes. Ordinary weather and no mishaps should bring the Sherman to San Francisco on the 23d or 24th, and it is good for our love of home to anticipate the joyful pilgrimages of mothers, wives and loved ones generally as they go north to meet the heroes coming home.

CONVENTION HALL.

ARCHITECTS PRESENT IDEAS FOR A PERMANENT STRUCTURE.

Perspective Drawings and Plans Submitted—Merchants and Manufacturers' Committee Discusses the Incorporation of a Convention Hall Association.

Five drawings of convention halls were submitted by Los Angeles architects to the special committee of the Merchants and Manufacturers' Association on permanent convention hall at its meeting yesterday afternoon. The plans presented are not detailed, but are perspective drawings, accompanied by outlines of the general arrangement of the interior.

The members of the committee present inspected the plans with lively interest, and decided that it would be advisable to place them on exhibition in some store window, as a means of arousing public attention. The chairman, R. E. Marx, was instructed to report progress to the directors of the Merchants and Manufacturers' Association on the following evening.

It is the best of the committee's opinion that the best is to be done to further the enterprise is to incorporate a convention hall association, and to start out on a systematic canvass for funds to erect a building with a seating capacity of 10,000, suitable for national conventions, fairs and other political gatherings.

Temperature has risen slightly over Oregon and Southern Idaho, and has fallen in the great valleys of California. Throughout California the temperatures are from 2 to 6 deg. below the normal. A thunderstorm is reported at Kalispel.

Forecasts made at San Francisco for thirty hours, ending at midnight, August 12:

Northern California: Cloudy Saturday, probably with light sprinkles early Saturday morning in the northern portion; fresh southwesterly winds.

Southern California: Cloudy Saturday; light westerly winds.

Arizona: Cloudy Saturday.

San Francisco and vicinity: Cloudy Saturday; fresh southwesterly winds.

The Times' Weather Record.—Observations made at 1 p.m. and midnight, daily:

August 11 1 p.m. Midnight.

Barometer 29.89 29.88

Thermometer 59 67

Wind 50 80

Weather Clear. Clear

Maximum temperature, 24

hours 85

Minimum temperature, 24

hours 62

Tide Table.—For San Pedro:

High. Low.

Friday, August 11. 11:55 a.m. 5:57 a.m.

6:09 p.m. 6:20 p.m.

Saturday, " 12. 0:25 a.m. 5:57 a.m.

12:39 p.m. 6:20 p.m.

RAILROAD'S AMBIGUITY.

Bills of Lading So Worded as to Avoid Responsibility.—**ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.**

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—Edward S. Richards, a retired grain dealer and shipper, resumed his testimony today before the sub-committee of the Industrial Commission. The witness reiterated his charges that bills of lading issued by railroad companies for shipments of grain are illegal, and supported his charges by referring to a blank bill of lading secured from the freight office of a trunk line in this city and by quoting the statutes of Illinois relating to ten duties of public carriers and the weighing and inspection of grain. The testimony was admitted to the records and will be included in the report of the Industrial Commission to Congress. Richards made the specific charge that railroads made out their bills of lading in such an ambiguous manner that they are not held responsible for loss in the shipment of grain after it leaves the hands of consignees. This, Richards stated, was in direct violation of the law.

Gen. John A. McNulta, who testified before the sub-committee in Washington on the workings of the Whisky trust, appeared before the sub-committee today and discussed the rate situation and the attitude of the Canadian Pacific Railroad toward the interstate commerce regulations of this country. He sharply criticized the methods of the Canadian road, and said the Interstate Commerce Commission should receive authority to compel all competing lines of the country to adhere to fixed rates, which shall also apply to water rates.

Senator Kyle stated that the inquiry into that phase of the rate situation would be taken up when the sub-committee returns from the North and Gen. McNulta was requested to appear before the committee at that time and present testimony.

Not His Brother's Keeper.

[Continued from page 1.]—Buck Hinrichsen has for the past four years officiated as a 16-to-1-or-bust leader in Illinois but his brother, M. F. Hinrichsen, who has been in Mexico for two years, refuses to be led by Buck. Says he:

"My brother can stick to silver, but I don't want any of it. I have lived in a country where one can see the practical workings of the silver standard. One of the specifications in my contract with the Bank of Mexico is that I be paid in gold and I think that nearly all Americans employed in Mexico demand the same thing. The Mexican dollar is worth only 42½ cents now, and I would not care to bring a barrel of silver across the line and find it worth less than half what I took it for. It takes a hatful of silver to buy anything down there.

Gold is worth \$2.12 in Mexico and you will find everyone taking it when he can afford it. In the opinion of a

man like myself, the only true standard, and I believe the financial condition of Mexico would be greatly improved by adopting it."

Buck does not seem to be his brother's keeper.

CROWDS GOING TO REDONDO SUNDAY.—To see the cakewalk. A great team has been engaged. Santa Fé train goes at 8:30, 9:55 a.m., 1:30, 5:35 p.m. Last train returns at 8 p.m. Round trip, 50 cents.

EXCURSION TO PHILADELPHIA, PA.—August 29 and 30, round trip \$38.50. See about it, Santa Fé office, Second and Spring streets.

Schilling's Best tea sold only in Packages

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SUICIDAL INTENT.

VERDICT ON THE DEATH OF C. M. HOLMES OF SANTA ANA.

Despondency Because His Wife Had Said She Never Again Would Live With Him Caused Him to Turn on the Gas.

"Suicidal intent" was the verdict rendered by the jury which sat yesterday morning in Santa Ana on the death of President C. M. Holmes of the Santa Ana Gas and Electric Company. Mr. Holmes was found by his wife Thursday morning lying dead in a bathtub in their home, with the water flowing, and gas pouring from a heater turned on unlighted.

The evidence was plain that it was suicide, and that it had been committed on account of domestic trouble, in which no blame whatever is attached to Mrs. Holmes.

The first witness examined was Mrs. Sarah Clardy Holmes, wife of the deceased. She testified that she last saw her husband alive Wednesday afternoon; that they had not been living happily together recently; in fact, that they had separated. She had told him that she could never live with him again as his wife. This was on Wednesday. Mr. Holmes then said that it she would let him have the house for one day that was all he wanted. Mrs. Holmes did not think at that time of the significance of his words, but now she thinks he then intended to kill himself. Soon after this conversation Mrs. Holmes left the house, going to the home of Mrs. H. McPhee. Later in the afternoon Mr. Holmes called her up by telephone, telling her that he was going to Los Angeles, and would not be home until the following day.

The next morning about 9 o'clock she went to the house and upon entering the bathroom found her husband dead in the bathtub. The door to the bathroom was closed but not locked. When she opened it the room was so full of gas that it was very difficult for her to enter. She noticed that the gas in the small heater was turned on full force. This she turned off and then ran to a neighbor's for assistance. Mrs. Holmes testified that about three months ago her husband attempted suicide by turning on the gas in his room during an afternoon while taking a nap. He was resuscitated, and when asked why he tried to take his life, replied, "that he was tired of life."

The testimony of Fred Rafferty, a neighbor whose wife Mrs. Holmes had confided some of her trouble to Mr. Holmes, was, in effect, that there had been certain experiences in Mr. Holmes' life that would cause him to fear exposure. Mr. Rafferty further testified that the cause of the trouble between Mr. Holmes and his wife was due entirely to the actions of Mr. Holmes.

From the evidence obtained and the story of Mrs. Holmes told to several of her close friends before her husband's suicide, it is apparent that, although the deceased was a respected member of society in the community, a deacon and elder in one of the Santa Ana churches, and a man who stood well in business circles, he led a double life.

The funeral services were held yesterday afternoon at the late home of the deceased. Interment was in the Santa Ana Cemetery.

POSITIVELY IDENTIFIED.

The Name of the Main-street Suicide Was Wolfson.

The mysterious "Reither," who committed suicide by turning on the gas in his room in a Main-street lodging-house some time during the night of July 30, or early on the morning of July 31, has at last been positively identified as Aaron Wolfson. The parents of deceased are English Jews, and live at No. 118 North Eleventh street, St. Louis, Mo., of which city the suicide was a native.

On Thursday Undertaker Howry received a telegram from the undertaker of the deceased, but positively refused to have anything to do with the body, or to pay the funeral expenses.

Deceased had at least one friend in the city, however, and yesterday morning the person went to Howry's undertaking parlors and made arrangements for the burial of the remains. The funeral will be held some time this morning, and the body will be interred in Evergreen Cemetery. Wolfson's people, and the deceased, are Jews, and on account of his renunciation of their religion he became estranged from his family. This is said to be the reason why his parents refused to have anything to do with the remains or to pay the funeral expenses.

It is said that Wolfson came to this city for the express purpose of committing suicide, though the cause of his act, still remains a matter of conjecture. It is hinted, however, that there is a woman at the bottom of it, and the fact that he threw up a situation which commanded a good salary, seems to lend color to the theory. Undertaker Howry admits that the body has been positively identified, but he refuses to disclose the identity of the person who made arrangements for the funeral. Without knowledge of the name, he may have given to him in confidence, he says, and he, therefore, refuses to divulge any part of it.

Wolfson was an accomplished linguist, speaking seven or eight different languages, and is said to have traveled around the globe three times. Some time ago he spent eight months in the wilds of Africa. It is stated that he was formerly a traveling salesman in the employ of Huguet & Bechler of Philadelphia, manufacturers of novelties.

On the 20th of the inquest the suicide was officially declared dead as Reither, and a certificate of death was issued to that effect. Yesterday, however, the Coroner gave Undertaker Howry permission to insert the name of Wolfson instead.

Chamber of Commerce.

Among the donations received yesterday by the Chamber of Commerce were glasses of delicious jelly, made from the roselle, the new jelly, and some trinkets by H. F. Shorting of South Pasadena; Sonora wheat in the sheaf, William McGuire; white plumule celery, E. Lossing, Compton; early Crawford peaches and nectarines, G. S. Powell, Gaviola; Kelsey, James plums, M. T. Wright, Gaviola; peaches and plums, Richard Garvey, Garvey tract; Burbank plums, F. J. Scher, Eagle Rock, and apricots, N. B. Dudley, Ventura.

Dr. Shepard's Departure.

A letter received yesterday from Secretary Irvin Shepard of the N.E.A. by Secretary W. G. of the Chamber of Commerce announced that Dr. Shepard would leave Pacific Grove yesterday with his family to start East by way of Portland. He expresses again his satisfaction at the success of the Los Angeles convention, and again congratulates and thanks the local Executive Committee for the hospitality which Los Angeles extended to the visitors.

FOR HOT AIR FURNACES

Go to Brown, the Furnace man, 123 E. 4th.

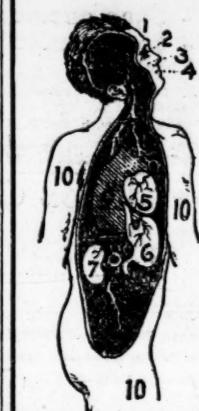
WATCHES cleaned, 75c; mainsprings, 50c; crystals, 10c. Patton, No. 214 S. Broadway.



ACTS GENTLY ON THE KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS CLEANSSES THE SYSTEM DISPELS COLDS & HEADACHES OVERCOMES FEVERS HABITUAL CONSTIPATION ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS.

BUY THE GENUINE—MAN'D BY CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP. LOUISVILLE, SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS PRICE 50c PER OZ.

Broken Down, Weak Nerves Create Weak Hearts, Weak Stomachs, Weak Lungs,



And result in physical decline and premature decay. Weak nerves to begin with, nervous prostration next, then complete physical decline follows. The causes that lead to nervous weakness are many, therefore the victims are many.

Other nervous symptoms: Headache or dizziness (Fig. 1), hollow eyes, (Fig. 2) paleness and emaciation, (Fig. 3) coated tongue (Fig. 4) palpitation of the heart (Fig. 5) weakness of the heart (Fig. 6) pain in the back (Fig. 7) inactive liver (Fig. 8) weak lungs (Fig. 9) weakness of limbs (Fig. 10). All these denote nerve weakness. Other symptoms are: anxiety, depression, and without feeling costiveness and nervousness.

The brain, which is the great nerve center, is usually the first to exhibit signs of coming danger, when the nervous system is weakened. The memory becomes clouded, sleeplessness and dreams result; there is a tendency toward vertigo (fainting).

There is comfort in the knowledge that a positive and permanent cure for nerve weakness can be had if the cause is found. That cure is "Hudyan." Hudyan corrects all the above symptoms. Hudyan tranquills the nerves, strengthens the heart, promotes sound sleep, gives health and strength.

Physicians of distinction endorse Hudyan, because Hudyan possesses all the qualities of a good medicine. Letters of gratitude from thousands of people prove that Hudyan is specific for all nervous disorders, for it never fails in its good work. Hudyan corrects all faults of digestion and assimilation, and gives a glow of health to all pale and emaciated faces.

Hudyan is for sale by druggists—50 cents a package or six packages for \$2.50. If your druggist does not keep Hudyan, send direct to the Hudyan Remedy Co., cor. Stockton and Market Streets, San Francisco, Cal.

You may consult the Hudyan Doctors about your case free of charge. Write.

For Good Coffee Big Presents Try Great American Importing Tea Co's Big Value Stores.

155 N. MAIN ST., LOS ANGELES. 231 S. SPRING ST., LOS ANGELES. 402 W. SECOND ST., FOMONA. 18 E. STATE, REDLANDS. 122 S. BROADWAY, DOWNTOWN. 24 N. FAIR OAKS AVE., PASADENA. 227 THIRD ST., SANTA MONICA. 728 STATE ST., SANTA BARBARA. 211 E. FOURTH ST., SANTA ANA.

BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS.

Troubles of Proprietor Gordon of the Gordon Arms.

Frank S. Gordon, proprietor of the Gordon Arms, the new hotel at Terminal Island, has been brought into the courts by the action of three of his creditors. Yesterday they asked the United States District Court to inquire into his affairs in accordance with the provisions of the United States bankruptcy laws.

Last week Gordon executed a one-day mortgage on his hotel in favor of his father, Theodore P. Gordon. The mortgage was duly foreclosed the following day. Now three of Gordon's creditors declare that this action was taken "to hinder, delay and defraud his creditors," and that he sought to escape his debts to other creditors. The three firms which have brought the proceedings are Cuss & Smith, a law office which Gordon owes them \$737.41; Stoll & Thayer, \$140.40, and George Rice & Sons, \$104.50. Judge Wellborn cited Gordon to appear.

SEE THE FUN SUNDAY At Redondo Beach. Spirited cakewalk, great team. Take Santa Fe trains at 8:30, 9:35 a.m., 1:30, 5:35 p.m. Last train returning leaves the beach 8 p.m. Round trip, 60 cents.



Sixteen Sensational Items. Sixteen Great Crowd Drawers. Sixteen Phenomenal Bargains. Sixteen Splendid Merchandise Scoops.

Fancy Lawns.

Good quality fancy lawns—about 1000 yards in the lot that must be closed at once, small neat figures in black, blue and pink or white grounds, heretofore sold at 5¢ a yard; special.

3c

Fancy Lawns.

Beautiful plaids, bias plaids and checks, lovely stripes in both plain and ombre effects, pretty colorings, nice quality of cloth, would be cheap any place at 6 1/4c a yard, 60 different styles to choose from, special today.

40c

Fancy Lawns.

Splendid quality, over 200 styles in both white and tinted grounds, with stripes, figures and floral designs, in really pretty colorings, lawns that have sold all the season at 8 1/4c and 10c a yard, special today.

5c

Fancy Lawns.

Splendid quality, over 200 styles in both white and tinted grounds, with stripes, figures and floral designs, in really pretty colorings, lawns that have sold all the season at 8 1/4c and 10c a yard, special today.

6 1/4c

Fancy Lawns.

Very special, over 200 styles in both white and tinted grounds, with stripes, figures and floral designs, in really pretty colorings, lawns that have sold all the season at 8 1/4c and 10c a yard, special today.

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BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

OFFICE OF THE TIMES.

Los Angeles, Aug. 11, 1899.

AUGUST DISBURSEMENTS. Interest due and payable August 1 or thereabouts in this country amounts to \$12,548,541, as compared with \$9,439,331 last year. Dividends payable during the month aggregate \$17,626,073, as against \$15,394,891 last year, making a total of \$30,244,620, as against \$24,831,222 last year and \$21,920,285 two years ago. In addition to these payments by corporations the government disburses nearly \$5,000,000 interest on the public debt, so that the Daily Stockholder estimates that the total disbursements during the month will aggregate about \$38,000,000.

COMMERCIAL.

GLASS HIGHER. The great combine of glass makers has put the price 5 per cent. higher.

COTTON MAY ADVANCE. In a leading editorial in its issue of July 31, the Natchez (Miss.) Democrat appeals to cotton farmers to hold out one-third of their gains until after December or January. Two-thirds will bring in nearly as much money marketed in this way as the whole crop marketed in the usual way, says the editorial. The government says the July condition is 3 per cent. less, or a total depreciation of 11.4 per cent. Estimating the current crop at 11,000,000 bales, it means a shrinkage of 1,277,000 bales, or a crop of 9,723,000 bales for 1899-1900.

AMERICAN TEA. There are now about fifty acres of land under cultivation in South Carolina. Sales last year were more than 3000 pounds, at a profit of 25 per cent., and it is estimated that when all the plants now growing arrive at maturity the yield will be upward of 10,000 pounds. The plants lived through the record cold of last winter. Tea quality of the tea, says Brasstrat's, has proved satisfactory. Of the black tea, a report to the Secretary of Agriculture says: "It has a distinct flavor, and like some of the choicer Oriental teas, its liquor has more strength than its color indicates." The green tea is said to be superior to any Oriental tea that can be furnished in this country.

WOOL'S INNINGS. At last wool seems to have joined the great procession of products marching to an active market. The latest report from eastern centers says:

The Boston market maintains a strong tone, with a fair call for supplies noted, although business shows a considerable falling off compared with the preceding weeks. This is due largely to the fact that there is less speculation among dealers going on, prices having reached a point where manufacturers' present sales show territory grades moving best, most business being on the scoured basis of 50 to 52 cents for fine medium and fine, with staple lots 54@57 cents. Bids on some good lines of greasy lots, 1/2 cent below the asking price of dealers, have been made, the lots running down to the medium 48@50 cents. Dealers are very firm in their views and look for higher prices. Lots in growers' hands in the West are well absorbed. Fleece wools are firm on the higher basis and some fair lines have been cleaned up. Australian wools are scarce, and best lots of clothing and covering are quoted on scoured basis of 78@82 cents. Carpet wools are quiet, but steady.

GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

JULY TRUSTS. During July the Secretary of State of New Jersey granted certificates of incorporation to 150 concerns. The capitalization of twenty-four of the leading ones amounted to \$254,000,000. Pennsylvania incorporated two concerns with a capital of \$6,000,000. Delaware six with a capital of \$12,700,000, and California, one with \$5,500,000 as capital.

GENERAL BUSINESS. The course of general business in imports and exports seems to be very steady. The imports show some increase, the exports some decline.

The following table shows the imports (exclusive of specie) at the port of New York for the week ending July 23, 1899:

EGGS, BUTTER AND CHEESE.

EGGS—Per doz., fresh, ranch, 15; eastern, 17@18.

BUTTER—From Board of Trade creamery, per square, 55; Southern creamery, \$24@265; Coast creamery, 47@50; light-weight and dairy, 45@48; northern, fancy, full-weight, 50@52; 1-lb. packages, 50@52.

CHEESE—Per lb. eastern, full-cream, 14@15; Coast full-cream, 11; Anchorage, 12; New York, 12; Young America, 13; J. B. hand, 14; Boston, 14; imported, 28@29; Edam, fancy, per doz., 9,000@9,050.

PROVISIONS.

LACON—Per lb. Rex breakfast, 11@13; fancy wrapped, plain, wrapped, 12@14; light meat, 13@14; fancy, 14@15; Boston, 13@14; Winchester, 11@12@13; 49@51@53.

HAMS—Per lb. Rex brand, 14; skinned ham, 13; picnic, 8@10; boneless, 10; Wimberley, 13@14; Boston, 13@14.

DRY SALT PORK—Per lb. clear, 68@70; fancy, 72@74.

DRIED BEEF—Per lb. inside, 17@18@19.

MEAT—Per lb. Boston, 13@14; New York, 13@14.

LARD—Per lb., in tapers, Rex, pure leaf, 8; Ivory compound, 6@8; Suetine, 6@8; special kettle-rendered leaf lard, 8; Silver Leaf, 8; White Label, 8.

BEANS.

BEANS—Per 100 lbs., small white, 2,50@2,55; Large Washington, 2,15@2,20; pink, 2,60@2,75; Lima, 4,35@4,65.

LIVE STOCK.

HOGS—Per cwt., 50@52.

PIGEON—Per cwt., 3,75@4,25 for prime steers, 3,50@3,75 for cows and hens; calves, 4,00@5,00.

SHEEP—Per head, wethers, 3@6; ewes, 3@6; lambs, 2@3@4.

FRESH FRUITS AND BERRIES.

LEMONS—Per box, cured, 2,25@2,50; un-cured, 1,90@2,10.

PICKLED BEEF—Per bbl., 16@18; rump butts, 16@18.

PICKLED PORK—Per bbl., Sunderland, 16@18.

LARD—Per lb., in tapers, Rex, pure leaf, 8; Ivory compound, 6@8; Suetine, 6@8; special kettle-rendered leaf lard, 8; Silver Leaf, 8; White Label, 8.

EGGS—Per doz., 1889, 1888.

Dry goods \$ 1,804,665 \$ 1,818,154

General merchandise 5,531,384 5,538,305

Totals for the week \$ 7,335,449 \$ 7,716,703

Previously reported 233,740,699 246,515,193

Since January \$ 301,676,148 \$ 254,367,888

The exports (exclusive of specie) from New York to foreign ports for the week ending July 31 were valued at \$3,468,669. The following enables comparisons to be made with the corresponding period last year:

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Southern California by Towns and Counties.

PASADENA.

AMUSING DEVELOPMENTS IN A SCRAMBLE FOR OFFICE.

Jim Miller Appointed His Successor as Janitor, but the Colored Brothers are not Reconciled—Visit Woodmen from Los Angeles. The Water Meeting.

PASADENA, Aug. 11.—[Regular Correspondence.] The other day Jim Miller resigned his position as janitor of the City Clerk. As he handed in his resignation to the City Clerk, he said: "I have appointed Mr. Prince as my successor; Mr. Dyer." But the trouble is, the appointment hasn't stuck.

The janitorship of the city building, which paid the regular salary of \$15 a month, has been converted into a regular salary for the colored visitors. White politicians "did a pull" have at times tried to get the place, but in vain. As soon as it was known that Mr. Miller had been promoted to a position as assistant gardener at the courthouse, there was a commotion among the colored statesmen, and the opponents of Mr. Miller's appointment, who had been instrumental in procuring the City Hall. The issue was looked upon as one of so much gravity that the City Clerk declined to assume the responsibility of settling it and the City Marshal ran away from the office to the next election. It hasn't settled this way or that. As not all the factions can be satisfied, it appears as if the city were lost anyway. The colored league was formed to keep the election at 11 o'clock, to choose delegates to the State convention. At 11 o'clock the orators were still holding forth. Four brethren are in the race and all have their supporters. The election will be referred to a committee of the City Council.

THEY TALKED WATER.

Members of the City Council and Directors of the two water companies attended in a friendly conference this morning and talked water. There were present City Trustees Patten, Lockett, Dobbin, and Hoag; Directors McQuilling, W. H. Chapman, and W. H. Parker; of the West Side Company; Directors Parker, Clarke, Stevens, and Royce of the East Side Company; with City Attorney Edward H. Elliott, who presided over the conference. He intimated that he would consider a share, exclusive of the indebtedness, as a fair price for the city to pay the water company. The water company would be 3000 shares and \$100,000 indebtedness, the West Side plant at this rate would cost \$160,000. For his part, Mr. McQuilling said he would be willing to give the plant to the stockholders. The directors of the East Side Company were not willing to go quite so far, and evidently had no definite price. President Parker had no name or figure but was willing to call the directors together next week to discuss that matter.

The movement for municipal ownership of water has now been moving for a year. Twelve months ago the managers of the two old companies said they would be willing to sell the city if the city would give them their price. They have been waited upon by committees of citizens and committees of the Council. Mass meetings have been held. There have been contributions and love feasts, a square off after a while a special joint high commission was appointed for the purpose of settling these questions. After all of these maneuverings the meeting and the diplomacy and the sweet reasoning together, the directors stand just where they stood a year ago. "Can you tell us what you want to the City Council? We will say you, sir, if you will give us our price for it?" It looks as if the municipal ownership movement has had a lead, and once around the track, and it is possible that better time can be made on the "last half."

THEY "HAD TO MAKE IT."

At 10 o'clock last night, a man and woman stopped Patrolman Pinkham at the corner of Colorado street and Fair Oaks avenue and asked where the Methodist Church was. "We want to get married," the man said, rather sheepishly. The officer directed them to the church, but they missed it, and they wandered around to the residence of the Rev. Dr. L. P. Crawford, whom they routed out.

"Are you a minister?" the man asked. And the doctor said, "I am." The doctor told him he could do the job, so the stranger inquired: "Can you do it right off?" "Come in," said the doctor, "I'll show you."

"How long will it take?" the fellow persisted, before he would come in. "You see we've got to make it!" Upon inquiring further, the veteran doctor learned that the couple had no intention of catching the key car for Los Angeles. It didn't take him long to make the two. The marriage license had been made out to James White, aged 20, a native of New York, and Mary of Savannah, Calif., and Aurelia Crooks, aged 27, a native of California, and resident of Angeles.

"But I married a couple quicker than that once," says the veteran of almost four-score. "I was putting up a stove funnel when two young people came along, showed their license, and I was married in a minute. I told them to take their funnel and clothes were covered with dirt and asked them to give it a limb and dress up. No, they said, I am unprepared; so I laid down the stove-pipe and performed the service in a jiffy. The two young heaved a great sigh of relief. 'Garry May,' said the doctor, 'I'm afraid you old man would get along before we were sold!' They were a runaway couple, but the knot had been tied."

PASADENA BREVITIES.

In a mix-up with an electric car at the corner of Colorado street and Fair Oaks avenue, this morning, W. E. Samuels was thrown to the pavement, but was not injured. The horse, however, one wheel broken and the harness damaged.

Thirty Woodsmen from Los Angeles visited Pasadena this evening and witnessed the horse race, which initiated one candidate in first place.

Mame Scribner, who was killed at San Pedro today, went to school here for three years and resided in the family of W. M. Farnsworth.

The funeral of the late Rev. Eli F. D. will be held at the residence, No. 129 South Euclid avenue, at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon.

The Pasadena Medical Association met this evening with Dr. Case on Villa street and had a discussion, led by Dr. Van Slyck.

Mrs. J. D. Johnson died fast night at the home of the family on Delacey street. The body was sent to the mortuary, which initiated one candidate in first place.

Dr. and Mrs. Allen of this city will go to Berkeley tomorrow to spend the next two years with their sons there.

Mrs. N. S. Letleth left this morning for newspaper work in the city.

The Lake Vineyard Water Company claims to have struck eighteen inches of additional water at Devil's Gate.

F. E. Boynton and wife will start for a trip to Europe on the 19th inst., and remain till November.

Co. I is in a quandary. J. D. Jones, who was to be their captain, has removed to Whittier.

The Worth League met this evening at the home of Dr. C. A. Briggs on South Euclid avenue.

The Y.M.C.A. expects to have a new gymnasium director by September 1.

J. W. Wood and family went to San Francisco today.

LONG BEACH.

Opening of Annual Convention of Churches of Christ.

LONG BEACH, Aug. 11.—[Regular Correspondence.] The Churches of Christ of Southern California opened their eleventh annual convention in the Christian Church in the morning. The number of out-of-town delegates actually attending has been obtained, but the fact that the Christian Church, a fairly commanding structure, was filled to its utmost, and that almost as many more vainly sought admission, is recognized as an indication that there is a large visiting delegation.

Thursday evening was devoted to the welfare of the visitors. Early in the evening there was an informal reception, con-

ducted by Rev. and Mrs. J. B. Holley, and Dr. and Mrs. L. G. Gaines. That was followed by a prayer and praise service led by Rev. H. T. Bunn of Downey. At 8 o'clock J. H. Hart, acting president of the Long Beach Churches, made a speech of welcome and addressed a kindly greeting on the part of the churches of Long Beach were delivered by Rev. J. B. Holley, pastor of the Christian Church; Rev. Dr. A. W. McElroy, pastor of the Methodist Church; Rev. A. C. Smith, pastor of the First Christian Church of Los Angeles, voiced a response in which many nice words were contributed to the enjoyment of the occasion.

The programme of this morning's exercises included a prayer service led by J. A. Smith, the inferior of the Methodist study series conducted by Rev. W. E. Crabtree of Santa Ana; an address on "A Missionary Conference" by Rev. F. W. Dowling of Los Angeles; Rev. C. M. McElroy of San Bernardino, and a question box, conducted by W. E. Crabtree.

The programme for this evening embraced devotion exercises conducted by Rev. C. Bowen, a vocal solo by Mrs. Princess Long, and a sermon by Rev. J. C. McKey.

Rev. H. Elliott Ward of Pasadena is secretary of the convention. His office hours are from 8 a.m. till noon daily, in the Tabernacle.

The programme for several of the days' sessions leaves the afternoons open for recre-

ation.

JUDGMENT AGAINST METHEVER.

An aftermath of the Methemer murder case came up in court in a new form this morning. The trial of the defendant, W. H. McKey, who shot and killed Miss Dorothy McKeon on the beach, and then shot himself, the bullet lodged in the right upper cheek near the temple, was adjourned to the 15th instant.

Peter and U. E. Methemer, a son of the defendant, who the prosecution alleged had authorized the operation, declined to be present.

George Beeson, colored, of Los Angeles, was sent to jail yesterday for five days by Justice Mills for drunkenness.

SANTA BARBARA COUNTY.

Legality Questioned of the School Superintendent Election.

SANTA BARBARA, Aug. 11.—[Regular Correspondence.] The illegality of election is now the cry by which the friends of William Wilson will try to keep Superintendent of Schools Hancock, elected last night, to that position, from assuming the office. This further tangles the fight which the election of a man from without the State was believed to have settled. A large faction has been struggling to have William Wilson retained as teacher of Latin in the High School, and to have him made City Superintendent. Frank J. A. Storke says this afternoon that legal action would be taken in that matter at once. Mr. Storke favors Mr. Wilson. The ground for action will be that this is a high school district and he says that Trustee Carr is not a resident of the district, should one exist. Mr. Carr, upon his part, claims that he is a resident of a regular high school district and that Mr. Hancock is the new superintendent, legally appointed.

The election was made in good time. The steamer left Hongkong June 19, and stopped at Moji, Kobe and Yokohama, and the latter part July 2. It reached the port of Los Angeles on July 10. It was the United States Hospital ship Relief, which signalized for help. The Relief was stuck on reefs. After about four hours the steamer was freed. The Relief arrived in San Francisco August 11.

The steamer was made in good time.

The steamer was

City Briefs.

ROYAL
Baking PowderMade from pure
cream of tartar.Safeguards the food
against alum.Alum baking powder are the greatest
menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

DROWNED IN MEXICO.

An American Mine Employee Swept
Away by a Torrent.E. W. Doane, manager of the International
Cooperative Mining Company, whose headquarters are in this city, yesterday received information of the drowning of Charles Hodgdon in the

Arroyo de Benito, State of Sonora, Mexico.

Hodgdon was an American, about 50 years old, who was

employed by the mining company to move some mining machinery from Ortiz, a station on the Sonora Railway, about twenty-five miles north of Guaymas to Suqui Grande, sixty-five miles

east of Ortiz.

News of the drowning was sent to Mr. Doane by Fred Colman, an American, who arrived at Ortiz from Suqui Grande last Tuesday. Colman says in his letter that Hodgdon was drowned last Monday about 2 o'clock while crossing the arroyo on horseback. He had completed the road for moving the machinery and left Suqui Grande last Saturday. The horse of Colman, named El Benito, which he attempted to cross Monday afternoon, was very high and he was swept away by the torrent. The horse which he rode managed to reach shore safely, but the rider was drowned. His body had not been recovered when Colman left the place although six men were hunting for it.

The horses of the International Company which is composed chiefly of Los Angeles men, has 250 acres of grazing ground at Suqui Grande, which pan out very richly. With the machinery the company is progressing in installing the outfit of gold is expected to be increased considerably. The placers are on the border of the Yaqui Indian country, and fears are entertained that the existing war will interfere seriously with the operation of the mines.

Simon Maier was yesterday discharged from bankruptcy by Judge

Wetmore of the United States District

Court. The formal winding-up of

the business difficulties which Mr.

Maier settled satisfactorily some time

ago.

The question "Resolved" that concentra-

tion of power in the hands of the

Mayor would result in the best city

government" was discussed with spirit

last evening by the Y.M.C.A. Debating

Lyceum. The judges could reach no

decision.

S. D. Percy, a plumber who works

at No. 430 South Broadway, while

attempting to board a street car on

San Pedro street yesterday forenoon

breaking one of his legs. After having

the fracture set at the Receiving Hos-

pital, Percy was sent to his home at

No. 1816 Grover street.

GRANT THE FRANCHISE.

Merchants and Manufacturers' As-
sociation Wants Street Cars.The Merchants and Manufacturers' Association directors last night in-
structed Secretary Zeehandelaar to ad-
dress a communication to the Council asking it to refer to the City Attorney for his opinion the petition for franchises for street railways that have recently been denied by the Council. This action was taken at the request of several merchants. It was pointed out that the construction of additional street car lines and especially of sub-urban lines is of great commercial importance to the city. It is estimated that the winding up of the con-
tracted lines involved a sum of money of nearly \$1,000,000. In view of the opin-
ion rendered by Superior Judge Shaw, the board believes that no valid objec-
tion could be raised by the Council against the request for a legal opinion from the City Attorney on the fran-
chises.A resolution was passed suggesting to the
Local Executive Committee of the
M.E.A. that if any money remain unex-
pended from the fund raised for the enter-
tainment of the convention that such surplus be held in reserve to be

used for the benefit of Battery D, upon

its return to Los Angeles, inasmuch as the application of such funds for that purpose would relieve the merchants from making any contribution.

The following-named new members were elected: Charles J. George & Co., F. G. Schumacher and Cohn & Solomon.

At the close of the session Director Erkenbrecher invited the members of the board to an elaborate champagne supper, in celebration of the occupancy of the new offices.

PASSING OF A LANDMARK.

Oldest Methodist Edifice in Los An-
geles Being Torn Down.The First Methodist Church building on Broadway, between Third and Fourth, is being torn down to make room for a new business block which will be erected by Lauren Laughlin. A force of workmen is now engaged in taking down the tower and removing such portions of the outside construction as may be removed without inter-
fering with the use of the auditorium.The structure is the oldest and best-
known Methodist church building in the city. It had been the intention of the church people to give possession of the property by October 1, but as Mr. Laughlin delayed in getting work on his new building as soon as possible, the church will be vacated and torn down by September 1. Only two more Sunday services will be held in the building. After that the congregation will hold services in Illinois Hall at the corner of Sixth and Broadway.

Work on the new First Methodist

Church building at Sixteenth and Hill

streets is progressing rapidly and every-
thing will be in readiness for the

laying of the cornerstone on August 19. On that occasion the principal address will be delivered by Rev. Charles Edward Locke, D.D., of San Francisco.

It had been expected that the cor-

nerstone of the new Westlake Metho-

dhist Church could be laid on the same

day, but that will probably not be pos-

sible.

SMITH'S DANDRUFF POMADE.

Never fails to stop Itching scalp, cure dandruff or stop falling hair; try it; price 50¢ at all druggists; sample free. Address Smith Bros., Fresno, Cal.

"BISHOP'S BEER."

Absolutely non-intoxicating. It looks like beer, tastes like beer, foams like beer. The great health beverage, introduced on this coast by the temperance workers of Chicago, and now enjoyed by thousands in California. HOME SALON CO., Warehouse, Second Street and Central Avenue.

We offer for today's sale
only, about twenty
really beautiful

Trimmed Hats.

That have heretofore
sold all the way from \$3
to \$5 each. Every hat
is just as stylish and
pretty as it can be, just
right to wear for two
months to come.The great sale of Dress Shapes
at 10 cents is still on.

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